Weather
Continued hot weather today. The maximum temperature yesterday was 92.2 and the minimum 75.2, the figures for the corresponding day last year being 90.8 and 74.6.

THE CHINA PRESS
大陸報

A Live Newspaper Devoted to Progress in China

NO. 2432 VOL VIII. Registered at the Chinese P. O. for transmission "with special marks privileges in China" 己未年七月十二日 SHANGHAI, THURSDAY, AUGUST 7, 1919 大正四年 第三種郵便物認可 10 CENTS

PANIC THREATENS IN HARBIN DUE TO STRIKE CONDITIONS

Prices Increasing Hourly As Throngs Fill Shops To Buy Necessities

MOVE BY KOLCHAK

Horvath's Post Abolished And Commander Over Semenoff Is Named

CORRUPT TROOPS

British And Loyalists In North Hampered By Bolshevist Agents

(*Reuter's Pacific Service*)

Harbin, Aug. 6.—The strike continues and the situation is growing very critical. The Russian shops in Harbin are thronged with crowds of inhabitants obtaining supplies of goods of prime necessity. Prices are increasing every hour and alarming rumors are being spread through the town, unnerving the population and creating panic. If energetic measures are not taken to improve the financial situation and to put an end to the strike grievous results are anticipated.

Reports received in Harbin say that the Ruler, Admiral Koltchak, has appointed General Rosanoff to command all the Russian troops in the Far East with Ataman Semenoff as assistant, at the same time abolishing the post of High Commissioner occupied by General Horvath. It is understood that the latter will return to Harbin as Director and Manager of the Chinese-Eastern Railway.

According to the Novosti Jizni, the Allied Missions in Vladivostok have applied to Admiral Koltchak asking him to leave General Horvath as the head of the Civil Administration in the Far East owing to his great experience, talent and popularity.

Troops In North Russia Corrupted By Bolshevists

(*Reuter's Service*)

Archangel, July 30.—Yesterday's trouble with two Russian regiments emphasizes the almost insuperable difficulty of effectively combatting the Bolshevist propaganda, whose agents are everywhere working among the illiterate Russians, although they are completely unsuccessful in the districts which have experienced the terrors of Bolshevist rule. Thousands of the Russians in the Northern Army have had no experience of Bolshevism and therefore believe the wonderful cries of the agitators who dribble across the lines in the guise of deserters desirous of fighting the Bolshevists. It is quite impossible to distinguish the genuine from the false.

The Russian and British authorities are straining every nerve to counter-attack the propaganda by dropping anti-Bolshevist leaflets and despatching agents by aeroplane behind the Bolshevist lines.

General Ironside has moved his headquarters from Beresnik to Archangel.

Two C.P.O.S. Liners Will Omit Shanghai

Monteagle And Empress Of Japan, Requisitioned, Sailing Direct To Vladivostok

The Monteagle and Empress of Japan of the Canadian Pacific Ocean Services, requisitioned this month by the British Government for the transfer of troops from Vladivostok to Vancouver, will omit Shanghai as a port of call on the voyage from Hongkong to Vladivostok, it was announced yesterday by Mr. F. E. Weiss, general passenger agents.

The Monteagle sails from Shanghai for Hongkong tomorrow morning at ten o'clock and is due to leave Hongkong on August 12 for Moji and Vladivostok. The Empress of Japan is due here from Vancouver on August 11.

15th U.S. Infantrymen Die Of Cholera In Tientsin; Genuine Case Found Here

Health Department Notes Foreign Victim Of Disease; In Shanghai Fewer Epidemic Patients At Local Hospitals

(CHINA PRESS OWN SERVICE)

Tientsin, August 6.—Two privates of the 15th U. S. Infantry have succumbed to cholera. The troops have been temporarily confined to barracks.

Believed That Epidemic In Shanghai Is Checked

One case of apparently genuine cholera has been recorded among the foreign population of the Settlement, the Health Officer's report in this week's Municipal Gazette shows, while during last week 150 Chinese deaths from choleraic diarrhoea are registered, an increase of 55 over the previous week. Choleraic vibrio were not found in any of these latter cases.

Further indications that the choleraic epidemic, if not actually on the decrease, is at least not making great progress just at present were seen in the hospital figures yesterday. There were in all 101 patients at the Red Cross Summer Diseases Hospital, about fifty at the Chinese Public Isolation Hospital and about an equal number at the Red Cross Taku Road branch. Two deaths were recorded at the Red Cross Hospital, where 50 new cases, including out patients, were received during the day.

At St. Luke's Hospital only two new free cases were received, but it is believed that the reason for the small number of applications made thus far at this institution is that it is not yet generally known among the Chinese that poor patients are admitted free. The Hospital is proceeding with its work of fitting up two roomy wards for such patients. Medical men point out that the epidemic, in more or less virulent degree, will probably run on until the middle or latter part of September.

The progress and characteristics of the epidemic are discussed by Dr. Arthur Stanley, Municipal Health Officer, in his report for the month of July, appearing in this week's Municipal Gazette. The report follows:

"The prognostication made in last month's report that an epidemic of choleraic diarrhoea was coming has been fulfilled. The incidence at first was mainly outside the Settlement, especially in Pootung, where some 2,000 cases were reported to have occurred with a heavy mortality.

Epidemic Was Anticipated

"Earlier in the year when there seemed to be a possibility of the Red Cross Summer Diseases Hospital in Tientsin Road closing down this year, the opinion expressed by this office of the probability of an outbreak this year owing to a succession of years of comparative immunity, and the severe infection of neighboring countries during the immediately preceding years, and the infection of Indian ports during the present year, seems to have been particularly fortunate in view of the sudden great incidence in Pootung. This hospital has a wide popularity among the Chinese owing to the success following the saline transfusion treatment of severe cases. The following data were furnished our Health Inspectors when they were rendering sanitary assistance at the Hospital. The first case was admitted July 5, from which date until the end of July 3,500 cases were admitted, of these 2,139 came from Pootung and districts outside the Settlement and 1,361 from within the Settlement. The population furnishing this number of cases may be taken at well over a million. Of these cases 221 were fatal, a case fatality of a little over 6 percent., a rate which is remarkably low for any form of cholera.

"At the Municipal Isolation Hospital 14 foreign cases, including 13 Japanese were received, as well as 98 Chinese cases, the saline transfusion treatment being given where necessary.

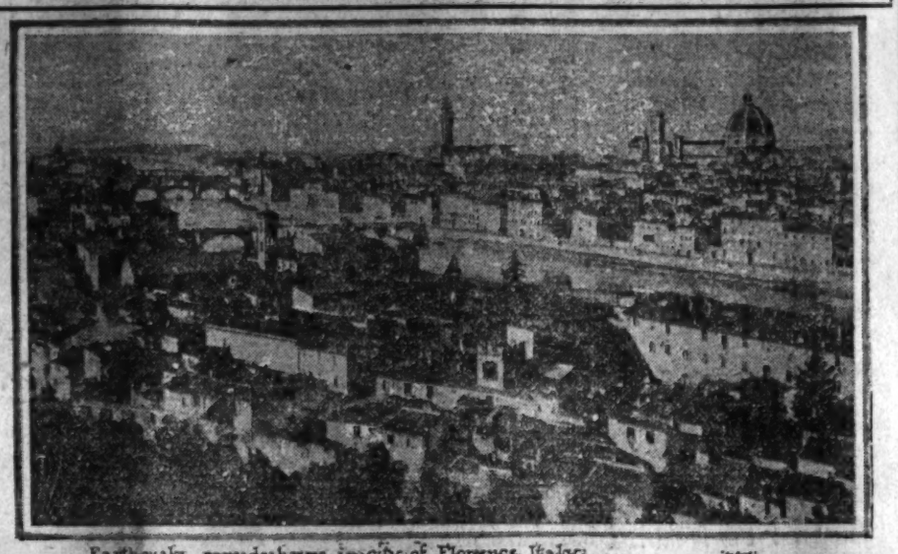
"The number of deaths from choleraic diarrhoea among the Chinese population in the Settlement for the weeks ending July 6, 13, 20 and 27 was 0, 13, 33 and 95 respectively.

May Have Come From South

"That Swatow was declared cholera-infected on June 4 by the Maritime Customs led to the surmise that the origin of the Pootung outbreak was from the southern port. It is, however, believed that cholera, or a form of cholera which

(Continued on Page 3)

Earthquake In Florence Spreads Ruin



Earthquake spreads havoc in city of Florence, Italy.

A severe earthquake which rocked the city of Florence and the northern part of Italy on June 29, has resulted in the worst disaster since 1895. The first estimates according to despatches from Florence, place the number of dead between 1,700 and 1,800. Many houses and public buildings in the ancient city have been reduced to ruins. The photograph is a view of the city of Florence, Italy, which suffered most from the severe shocks.

LABOR TROUBLES KEEP U.S. CONGRESS SITTING

Workers In Railway Shops In Chicago Vote In Favor Of Immediate Strike

(*Reuter's Service*)

Washington, August 2.—Owing to the labor situation the House of Representatives has deferred the recess.

Chicago, August 1.—The men in the railway-shops have decided in favor of an immediate strike. Numbers in the Chicago district and South-Eastern States have struck but, according to the latest information, the result of the movement has disappointed the leaders, who ignored the instructions of the labor representatives in Washington against a strike.

BRITISH INDIAN TROOPS PARTICIPATE IN MARCH

Men Unable To Take Part In Recent Victory Pageant Parade In London

(*Reuter's Service*)

London, August 2.—Much interest centred in today's march by the Indian troops who were unable to participate in the recent Victory Pageant. They arrived by special trains from Hampton Court and, headed by the combined bands of the Guards Brigades, presented a striking and picturesque appearance as they marched from Waterloo to Buckingham Palace grounds, where they were received by the King, The Queen, the Prince of Wales, the Duke of Connaught, Field-Marshal Sir Douglas Haig and other notables were also present.

The King addressed the troops, thanking them for their devotion to the Throne and the Empire, for their services in the war and for their cheerful bearing of sufferings and sacrifices.

Tsen Yi-chin May Be Minister To Japan

Neither Liu Shih-shen Nor Tseng Tsung-chien To Be Named, Says Paper

(*Reuter's Pacific Service*)

Peking, August 3.—According to the Kung Yen Pao, an organ of the Anfu Club, there is no foundation for the report that either Mr. Liu Shih-shen or Mr. Tseng Tsung-chien will be appointed Minister to Japan. The paper understands that Mr. Tsen Yi-chin, Chief of the Enemy Property Bureau, is the most probable condidate. Mr. Tsen Yi-chin is a follower of Dr. Ariga and is regarded as one of the most prominent of pro-Japanese young officials.

Canton Provides Rice Needed At Hongkong

Supply Is Obtained Through Efforts Of Sir Robert Ho Tung And Committee

(*Reuter's Pacific Service*)

Hongkong, August 5.—Through the joint efforts of Sir Robert Ho Tung and the Committee of the Tunkwah Hospital, the Food Relief Association of Canton has consented to supply 10,000 piculs of Wuhu rice to relieve the situation in Hongkong on condition that it is not sold above cost price.

BRITISH BAKERS STRIKE; RAIL CLERKS RESTIVE

Demands Of Workers Involve Wages, Hours Of Labor And Other Conditions

(*Reuter's Service*)

London, August 2.—A national strike of bakers began today but is not expected to last beyond the 5th, till when enough bread is baked. The men want £4 for a forty-four hours' week and the abolition of night baking. The prospects of a settlement are good.

London, August 2.—The Railway Clerks' Association, particularly in the North of England, threaten to cease work as a protest against the delay in the consideration of their demands for better all-round conditions with regard to pay, hours and holidays.

ECONOMIC OUTLOOK BAD, IS VIEW OF LORD CECIL

Situation, He Says, Calls For Co-operation Of Nations To Solve Problems

(*Reuter's Service*)

London, August 2.—Presiding at a Government banquet in honor of the delegates to the Allied Economic Council meeting in London, Lord Robert Cecil, while deprecating undue pessimism, feared that the economic positon is incalculably serious and very close consultation between nations is necessary to solve the difficulties.

Reception At Y.M.C.A. For Tsing Hua Party

Departing Students To Be Guests Sunday; University Club Hosts Tomorrow

A reception in honor of the Tsing Hua party and other Chinese students going abroad will be given by the Chinese Y.M.C.A. at the Association building, 120 Szechuen Road, at 5 p.m. next Sunday. There will be a special service at 5 o'clock and there will be music and tea in the Boys' Lobby at 6 o'clock.

Tomorrow afternoon the departing students will be guests at a reception to be given by the American University Club at the Columbia Country Club.

LORD MILNER ANSWERS OBJECTIONS TO LEAGUE

Independent Positions Held By Dominions, He Says, Do Not Tend To Disruption

(*Reuter's Service*)

London, August 2.—Lord Milner, speaking at Oxford, referring to the British Commonwealth, said he did not share the fear that the independent positions of the Dominions, India and the Mother Country in the League of Nations would tend to disruption. If the Commonwealth went to pieces the strongest pillar of the League would be shattered.

We must always settle domestic differences among ourselves. The Commonwealth had more to lose than any other State by another Armageddon and nothing to gain. To have the full support of the Empire our foreign policy must be broad, simple and straightforward.

Speaking of the color question and the development of the British possessions, Lord Milner said it was absurd to denounce this policy as exploitation. He did not say that colonies and protectorates were not often grossly exploited by the Powers that possessed them or that they had not themselves, in some cases, exploited their dependencies in the past, but he did say most emphatically that their present policy was vigorously directed to the prevention of such abuses. It was their duty to the inhabitants of these countries to make better use of natural resources which were often immense and almost completely neglected. In this process they inevitably enriched themselves, but, if the material advantage derived from their trusteeship was unquestionable, was there not also the moral side?

He was proud to think that, as a general rule, the men of their race who had been entrusted with power over dependent races had used it well and had striven to raise the people entrusted to their charge. The nation as a whole had gained much from their experience and their example.

ESTHONIANS SUSPICIOUS OF BOLSHEVIST RETREAT

Announcement Warfare Is To Cease In Not Being Taken Wholly Seriously

(*Reuter's Service*)

Copenhagen, August 2.—The Esthonian Press Bureau states:

Soviet-Russia has declared it has resolved to cease war against Esthonia as it is not out for conquests and the Red army has been ordered to respect the frontier.

The Esthonians, however, cognisant of the Soviet's notorious vacillation, recognise that peace can only be concluded in accord with the Allies.

PEKING HOLDS UP MANDATE ENDING WAR ON GERMANY

Understood It Will Be Issued When Austrian Treaty Is Signed

COMMAND DECIDED

Council Puts Troops On Rhine Under French Military Control

PROBLEM TO SOLVE

Repatriation Of 200,000 Russians In Germany Being Discussed

(*Reuter's Pacific Service*)

Peking, August 3.—It is understood that a mandate will be issued declaring peace with Germany after the Austrian Peace Treaty has been signed. It is noteworthy that the Shuntien Shih Pao states that although the Bill authorising the declaration of peace with Germany has been passed by both Houses of Parliament, a mandate on the subject will not be issued until the Peace Treaty with Germany is signed by China.

French Put In Command Of Troops On Rhine

(*Reuter's Service*)

Paris, August 2.—The Supreme Council today decided that the French Commander shall be the Commander-in-Chief of all the Allied troops on the Rhine.

The question of the distribution of captured war-material among the Allies has been referred to military experts. It has been finally decided that no government shall be allowed to sell such material.

Today's meeting of the Council considered the difficult question of the repatriation of the two hundred thousand Russian war-prisoners still in Germany. It is not desired to retain these men in captivity longer than necessary but the Allies are unwilling to surrender them as recruits to the Bolshevist army.

Hear Jugo-Slav Appeal

Paris, August 1.—The Supreme Council today discussed the request of the Jugo-Slav Government for the occupation of the Prekomurak wheat region, between Hungary and Jugo-Slavia, on racial grounds.

It is expected that the question of Thrace will be speedily settled.

ITALIANS AND CHINESE FORM SHIPPING LINE

Peking Apprised New Company To Promote Trade Will Have Shanghai Branch Office

(*Reuter's Pacific Service*)

Peking, August 3.—The Chinese Minister in Rome has reported to the Peking Government that a proposal has been brought forward to establish a Sino-Italian navigation company for promotion of trade between Italy and China. The proposed capital of the company is 50,000,000 lire, divided into 100,000 shares, of which China will subscribe 10,000,000 lire. The company's headquarters will be at Genoa and a branch office at Shanghai.

The Minister adds that Italian merchants have already subscribed their portion of the capital and that three steamers are ready to inaugurate the service.

Ship Bound To China Wrecked; Crew Saved

British Steamer Clan Gordon Capsises On Its Way From New York

(*Reuter's Service*)

New York, August 1.—The British s.s. Clan Gordon (3,610 tons), on a voyage from New York to China, has capsised. All on board were rescued by the s.s. Abangarey.

THREE LINES TO RAISE LOCAL PASSENGER FARES

Pacific Mail, C.P.O.S. And T.K.K. To Boost Rates To Manila, Japan And Hongkong

Passenger fares from Shanghai to Japan ports, Manila and Hongkong and from Hongkong to Japan ports and Shanghai will be slightly advanced on August 15, by the Pacific Mail Steamship Company, Canadian Pacific Ocean Services and Toyo Kisen Kaisha, it was learned yesterday. The three lines will announce the new tariff in Shanghai and Hongkong dollars, the present gold-dollar rates will be abolished.

The following shows the new rate in Shanghai or Hongkong dollars and the old dollar charges.

From S'hai To	New Rate	Old Rate
Hongkong	S'hai $64.00	G.$49.50
Manila	S'hai $58.00	G.$45.00
Kobe	S'hai $49.50	G.$36.00
Yokohama	S'hai $57.00	G.$44.00
From Hongkong To		
Shanghai	H.K.$42.53	G.$33.00
Kobe	H.K.$85.53	G.$66.00
Yokohama	H.K.$92.50	G.$71.50

U.S. Navy Will Have 43,000-Ton Battleship

Announcement Order Has Been Placed By Government Is Made By Daniels

(*Reuter's Service*)

Washington, August 1.—Secretary of the Navy Daniels announces that the Government has placed an order for a battleship of 43,000 tons.

BRITISH POLICE STRIKE MEETS LITTLE SUCCESS

Recruits Are Filling Places Of Small Number Of Men Who Have Quit

(*Reuter's Service*)

London, August 2.—The police situation is stationary. There has been no further spread of the strike in the Provinces. Some half-hearted demonstrations outside of London police-stations were easily scattered. Picketing is practically non-existent as the picketers have been warned that they are liable to immediate arrest.

London, August 2.—It is officially stated that altogether 994 police struck out of 22,000 in London: 700 out of 2,200 in Liverpool: 60 out of a hundred at Bootle and 68 out of 1,450 at Birmingham.

The strikers' places are being filled by new recruits.

SOCIALISTS IN BUDAPEST PURPOSE ORDERLY RULE

Government Representative Of Trade Unions To Negotiate With Entente

(*Reuter's Service*)

Copenhagen, August 1.—A message from Budapest states that a Socialist Government consisting of representatives of Trade Unions has been formed under Beidel, who declares that its chief task will be to preserve internal order and enter into negotiations with the Entente.

MOUNTAIN DEDICATED TO COLONEL ROOSEVELT

High Point In The Black Hills Is Renamed In Honor Of Ex-President

Deadwood, S. D., July 4.—Within sight of the country over which Theodore Roosevelt as a young man ranged his cattle and hunted wild game, and just above the trails he followed while a visitor in this district, a mountain—one of the loftiest peaks in the Black Hills—today became Mt. Theodore Roosevelt, in honor of the former President of the United States. Two tablets were unveiled.

To witness the ceremony thousands came from all parts of the country to Deadwood. Governor Norbeck of South Dakota presided at the ceremonies on the summit of the mountain, and Major Gen. Leonard Wood was the orator of the day.

The movement to provide the memorial had its inception at a meeting of the Society of Black Hills Pioneers last January, when the suggestion of Captain Seth Bullock to change the name of Sheep Mountain to Mount Theodore Roosevelt was adopted.

Sheep Mountain, one of the highest peaks in the Black Hills, having an altitude of 6,000 feet, and the highest detached peak in the chain of mountains so designated, lies three miles from Deadwood. It is accessible to its summit by a broad highway, suitable for teams or automobiles, while several trails, safe and convenient for horsemen or pedestrains, lead to the top of the mountain.

The city of Deadwood is bearing the expense involved in erection on the summit of the mountain of a round tower on which will be placed a bronze table bearing this inscription:

In Memory of
Theodore Roosevelt,
The American.
October 27, 1858,
January 6, 1919.
Society of Black Hills Pioneers,
July 4, 1919.

The other tablet pays tribute to the services rendered by Colonel Roosevelt to his country.

A letter which Colonel William Boyce Thompson of New York, President of the Roosevelt Memorial Association, sent to Captain Bullock, said in part:

"Roosevelt was an extraordinary man. There has been nobody like him in the past, and probably there will be nobody quite like him in the future.

"In more than one field he won undying fame; in a dozen varied fields he won distinction. He loved achievement in anything he undertook, as he loved its legitimate and honorable rewards. But as his consuming interest was in men and in the progress of men, it was in the greatest of fields that he took the most intense interest, brought the greatest ardor of a universally conceded enthusiasm. He was a noted scientist, but his greatest achievement lay not in the field of natural history, but in that other field which we know as politics, and which in its best manifestation is the most difficult science of all to master—the science of getting the best possible Government out of conditions as they exist and human nature as it is.

"He achieved so commanding a place in the political world because he was so gloriously human. He had definite theories of Government, but he never let theory run away with him, because he knew human nature even better than he knew books. He knew to what heights men might be expected to climb, and beyond which, constituted as they were, they would not, for the present, go; and though he often called on men to climb higher than they would have aspired by themselves, he never asked them to achieve the impossible. He was an idealist, but he was a practical idealist. The ideals he preached were, in his own phrase, 'reasonable ideals.'"

German Crews Scuttle Interned War Vessels At Scapa Flow

German warships scuttled at Scapa Flow

The German dreadnaught Von Der Tann, one of the interned war vessels scuttled by its German crew while at Scapa Flow, off the coast of Scotland, under British guard. On an order by Admiral von Reuter, commander of the surrendered fleet, the seacocks of the interned armada were opened and seventy-one vessels, comprising a fleet more powerful than the entire French Navy and almost equal to Japan's, went to the bottom. Four hundred thousand tons, valued at approximately G.$350,000,000, disappeared. It was the most remarkable naval destruction in history. The photograph of the Von Der Tann was made at the time the German fleet was surrendered to the Allied Powers at Harwich, England.

AMERICANS IN NANKING PROTEST TO MINISTER

Shantung Decision Subject Of Resolution Forwarded To Peking

(China Press Correspondence)

Nanking, August 5.—The following resolution by the Nanking American Association has just been sent to Dr. Paul S. Reinsch, American Minister: "As loyal American citizens, intensely interested in the establishment of justice and righteousness in the world, and eager that the fruits of the great war shall be peace and freedom for all peoples, we desire to express our very grave apprehension over the recent action of the Paris peace conference in placing a portion of the sovereign state of China under the control of another power whose open intentions and purposes for complete militaristic control of the far East have long been apparent in the negotiations which have placed large rights in China in the hands of Japanese. The recent splendidly united action of intelligent Chinese patriots against the signing away of China's rights to any other Power confirms the belief that China is entitled to sympathetic consideration and constructive assistance in her desire to be freed from the domination of foreign power, whose activities are inimical to her best interests, to the open door of all nations in China, and to the future peace of the world."

MERCHANT MARINE CHANGES

The following changes in the merchant marine service took place during the week:

China Merchants' Steam Navigation Company—Mr. Borgmalsky appointed second engineer of the Haean; Mr. A. Eclrndsin, to second officer of the Kianghsin; Mr. A. B. Dernce, to third engineer of the Haean; Mr. O. Strand, to second engineer of the Feiching; Mr. Joseph V. Xavier, to third engineer of the Feiching.

Indo-China Steam Navigation Company — supernumerary chief officer of the Klangwo, Mr. H. C. Atkinson, to chief officer of the Waishing; chief officer of the Waishing, Mr. H. S. Hurley, placed on reserve; second officer of the Choysang, Mr. R. Davidson, to supernumerary second officer of the Tungshing; acting second engineer of the Hwahlee, Mr. J. TAR. Milne, to third engineer of the Yusang; third engineer of the Yusang, Mr. R. J. Martin, signed off.

Boycotters Punish Merchant At Ichowfu

(China Press Correspondence)

Ichowfu, Shantung, August 4—When the time limit fixed at August first for all Ichowfu merchants to get rid of their Japanese goods expired, one merchant still insisted on selling the prohibited goods. He was given a tall hat to wear on which was inscribed "I sell Japanese goods" and tied outside his shop for three days' exhibition. In order to be a warning to others, in addition he was fined $1,000.

For the past month robbers have been bad and travel unsafe. Now the gaoliang is nearly all cut and this does away with the robbers' hiding places so that travel will be resumed.

The gaoliang harvest is good and the farmers are prospering.

Glimpses Of China

Under the title, "Glimpses of China," a volume that has just been issued by T. Kawata, director and editor of The Taikansha of Tokio, gives a comprehensive review of Chinese trade and presents valuable information about conditions throughout the country as related to agriculture, manufactures, mining and Chinese industries. The book includes also a report of Japanese trade records.

Besides containing a general record of trade in the Far East, the book is given some little artistic value by the numerous excellent photographs of scenes and places in China that adorn it. The author has touched upon the history, language and religion of the Chinese people and has told in outline something of their systems of finance and education and the methods of government. Various industries of the country are taken up by provinces and are reviewed in detail and in this connection descriptions of railway and water transport routes of the country are given.

In the part of the volume that is devoted to Japanese trade records side lights are thrown upon the present condition of manufacturing industries in Japan and brief histories of the growth of various industries are given.

Arson Is Suspected In Tsepoo Road Fire

Police Arrest Man Believed To Have Started Blaze In Dwelling

A fire believed to be of incendiary origin broke out yesterday afternoon shortly after 2 o'clock in a Chinese dwelling house at PA-80 Tsepoo Road. One man has been arrested by the police and is alleged to have started the blaze through spite.

The Hongkew division of the brigade, responding to the call, found the building well alight upstairs. The progress of the flames was checked after a little time, the damage being practically confined to the upper floors of No. 80 and the two adjoining houses. Judging by the way the fire burned the premises had been deliberately set on fire and inspection showed that in the room where the blaze originated practically everything moveable had been piled in the center of the room and set alight.

MUNICIPAL STAFF CHANGES

The following changes in the Municipal staff are reported in the Municipal Gazette, as taken from the order books for the week ended August 2:

Police Force.—E. Kallstrom, having served the probationary period, is confirmed in the rank of 4th Class Warder from July 21.

Health Department.—Mrs. E. Thomas, Matron, Police Hospitals, was permitted to terminate her service on July 28, the date of expiry of her agreement.

Nurse J. F. Black is appointed Sister-in-Charge, Police Hospitals, from July 29.

Kuling Notes

(China Press Correspondence)

Kuling, August 2.—One of the most inspiring as well as informative conventions held many years is just drawing to a close at Kuling. Three leaders from America, Dr. R. A. Torrey of the Bible Institute, Los Angeles, Dr. Cornelius H. Patton, secretary American Board of Foreign Missions, of Boston, and Dr. Harlan P. Beach, professor of Foreign Missions in Yale University, have given a new vision to the missionaries in the "front trenches" by their helpful addresses and conferences.

Dr. Torrey in his three main addresses on "Soul Winning," Prayer" and "Bible Study" deeply stirred a church full of people on three successive days.

Professor Beach, himself at one time a missionary in North China, lectured on "Patriotism" and "The Missionary's Approach to the Religions Of China."

The addresses of Dr. Patton were especially timely because he dealt with a subject that is new both in China and abroad—"The Inter-church World Movement." The speaker pointed out that practically all the churches had planned forward movements after the war but that in order to avoid duplication of campaigns the foreign and home boards of the churches concerned united on a single big advance plan both for money and workers to begin at once. Practically all the Protestant churches have merged under one leadership to promote Christianity in every part of the world.

The Rev. Milton T. Stauffer in his address on "Facts Regarding Missionary Occupation of China" said that it was the aim of the China Continuation Committee to complete the great missionary survey next year. The survey committee is gathering facts regarding density of population, location of missions and outstations, hospitals, schools, etc. Following are some startling facts already brought out by the survey:

Twenty percent of China is still unoccupied by Christian missions.

There is only one doctor, foreign and Chinese, for every 200,000 people in China.

Half the missionary body is in thirty cities.

Fukien is the best worked province in the country.

There are 214 German missionaries living in sixty-nine stations in China.

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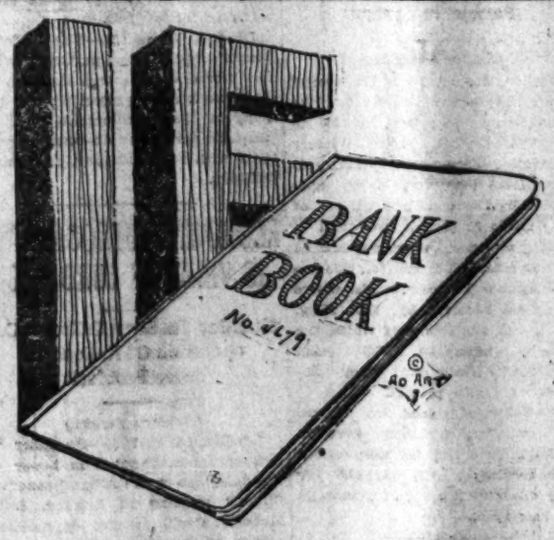

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(B)

News Brevities

It is hoped that the Commercial Pacific Cable service between here and the Philippines and America, which is at present interrupted again, will be restored within a day or so.

* * *

An Indian named Herwan Singh appeared in the British Police Court before Judge Skinner Turner yesterday on the charge of assaulting one Jagat Singh, the case being adjourned until today.

* * *

The Harbor Master has issued a notice to the effect that the former mail flag (F) flown by vessels arriving with mail for the Chinese Post Office has been changed for a special mail flag of the following description: a rectangular white flag having the Chinese ensign in the upper corner nearest the mast, with the character and the word "Postes" underneath; in the field a wild goose in flight.

* * *

Among passengers leaving for Weihaiwei Tuesday were Mr. and Mrs. Gallagher and Messrs. H. J. Clark and F. H. Crossley.

* * *

On the charge of trafficking in women a Chinese woman was sentenced to two years' imprisonment by the Mixed Court yesterday and a man was sentenced to 18 months' imprisonment.

* * *

A chauffeur was fined $30 in the Mixed Court yesterday for furious driving on the Jessfield Road.

* * *

Mr. H. A. J. Macray has consented to serve on the Municipal Electricity Committee in the place of Mr. Ed. White, resigned, it is announced in the Municipal Gazette.

* * *

Still another reception will be given Saturday at 5:30 p.m. at Nanyang College when the hosts will be the World's Chinese Student's Federation, Kiangsu Educational Association, National Vocational Association, Shanghai Educational Bureau, Shanghai Students' Union, National Students' Federation, Shanghai Commercial Federation and the Western Returned Students' Union. Mr. Tang Shao-yi and Admiral Teal Ting-kan will speak.

* * *

Mr. C. B. Weiss, who recently arrived in Shanghai, has joined the staff of the United States Steel Products Company.

* * *

A chauffeur employed by Mr. C. M. Bain will appear at the Mixed Court this morning as the result of an automobile accident on Great Western Road last Sunday evening at six o'clock, when a Chinese was struck and badly injured by Mr. Bain's automobile. It is alleged policemen ordered the chauffeur to stop but the latter refused.

* * *

Bostock's Royal Italian Circus returned to Chang Su Ho's Gardens yesterday afternoon and was greeted by large audiences at both the matinee and evening performances. Matinees are announced to commence at 5:15 o'clock today, tomorrow, Saturday and Sunday. The evening performances begin at 9:15 o'clock. The bookings are unusually heavy at Moutrie's and should be made well in advance.

PHONE WEST 189
FORD HIRE SERVICE
Oriental Motor Company
77 ROUTE VALLON

U.S. Soldiers Are Victims Ot Cholera

(Continued from Page 1)

may be called choleraic diarrhoea, is endemic in Shanghai and elsewhere in China, occurring every year to some extent, but liable to exacerbations. The last severe outbreak in Shanghai was in 1912, since when there has until the present summer been an unusual immunity. Like certain other infective diseases such as smallpox, scarlet fever and influenza it tends to come in big tidal waves which are usually followed by years of comparative absence, probably determined by mass immunity. The present is evidently a year of high tide, as shown by its prevalence in India and the Orient.

One True Case Diagnosed

"So far as Shanghai is concerned the bacteriology of the disease is characterised by precisely similar results as obtained in previous outbreaks, that is to say, difficulty in giving a laboratory diagnosis of Asiatic cholera. Specimens of the bowel discharges from about 150 cases have been examined microscopically in the Municipal laboratory and in only eight of these has the appearance resembled that of true Asiatic cholera. These specimens were more closely investigated, the vibrios being separated in pure culture. On the application of confirmatory tests, with the exception of one foreign case, these cultures failed to react like true cholera. They failed to produce a veil on the surface of peptone salt medium and produced no Indol, while the gelatine stab culture was not characteristic, neither did the organism agglutinate with a specific serum in the case of the foreigner referred to above a specific agglutination was obtained in 1 in 1000 dilution, and this, combined with the typical growth in nutrient gelatine, was considered sufficient to establish a diagnosis of true cholera. That the atypical appearance of some of the other specimens may have been due to rapidly dividing organisms showing coccal or short bacillus forms instead of the typical comma-shaped vibrio is a possibility which is being further investigated. Previous experience in India and Egypt commonly showed typical comma-shaped vibrios in specimens taken direct from the stool, which enabled a pathological diagnosis to be easily and rapidly made. But such is not the usual finding in the Shanghai cases.

Fatality Considered Very Low

"Clinically the disease is cholera although the case fatality seems very low even allowing for the saline transfusion treatment. Whether the disease is pathologically a variety of true cholera or a separate pathological entity is not at present determined.

"The prevention and treatment of the disease is, however, the same as for true cholera.

"General cleaning up and measures against flies are all very well in their way and should be practised ordinarily during every summer season. But to meet the present emergency the utmost care is needed regarding food and drink. The Public Health Notice is the best sanitary guide.

"The following precautions extracted from the Public Health Notice give the main necessities for preventing cholera or cholerais diarrhoea:

Eat and drink nothing that has not been recently cooked, boiled or otherwise sterilised.

Do not consume:

Fruit, vegetables, salads, melons, etc., which have not been cooked or sterilised.

Food on which flies have settled.

Milk or cream which has not been boiled or sterilised.

Ice-cream unless made of boiled materials.

Water which has not been boiled of filtered through a germproof filter.

The table of statistics for the month of July shows 18 foreign residents and 9 foreign non-residents as dying of acute diarrhoea and 296 Chinese deaths from the same cause.

Kiangsu Town's Business Paralised By Epidemic

Nantungchow, Kiangsu, August 5.—Mills stopped running, restaurants and fruit stands were ordered closed, and market places were stopped selling by armed police as a result of a cholera outbreak which had its origin, traced to Tien Ka Kong, Tungchow's river front, on August 1st, and thence to Tong Ka Cha, Tungchow's industrial center, where it spreads like wild fire. Up to the present the intestinal disease has claimed a total of sixty victims, but the number of cases reported is decreasing.

Drs. Lee Shu-cheng and Tsao Zur-ming of the Nantung Hospital, in co-operation with Mr. Yang Wei-sung, Nantung Police-in-chief, are vigorously putting the disease to a stop. Two temporary clinics are being established, the police force is busy disinfecting victim's houses, and is enforcing immediate burial. For four days the city is forced to live on Buddhist's diet. It costs the Dah Sung Cotton Mill alone ten thousand dollars daily to lie idle, and other mills are sacrificing in like proportion.

All the work is carried through by a stroke of the pen from Chang Chien's guiding hand, and his brother Mr. Chang Cha. It is hoped that other cities will make similar sacrifices for the sake of humanity.

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ARE YOU ANAEMIC ?
How To Tell.

Pain is the body's protest against injury or neglect, whether it is the pain from a pin prick or the pain which follows efforts of the nerves to do their work when undernourished. Many people are daily suffering unnecessary pain through failure to recognise in their symptoms the need of building up the blood. Let the blood become thin and a general breakdown frequently follows. Among the commonest symptoms of thin blood or anaemia are breathlessness after slight exertion, loss of appetite, restless, sleepless nights, headaches and often indigestion. Poor and insufficient blood often develops into anaemia, a disease which may not be serious if properly treated in its earlier stages, but which may be fatal if it reaches the pernicious form.

To build up the blood there is one remedy that has been a household word for a generation, Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. They tone up the entire system, make the blood rich and red, strengthen the nerves, increase the appetite, put color in the cheeks and lips, and drive away that unnatural tired feeling. Plenty of sunlight, good wholesome food and fresh air will do the rest.

The book, "Building Up the Blood" gives just the information that every pale, suffering person needs. It is free. Write for it today to the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., 96 Szechuen Road, Shanghai. Your own druggist sells Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, or they will be sent direct by mail, on receipt of price, $1.50 the bottle, six for $8.00, post free.

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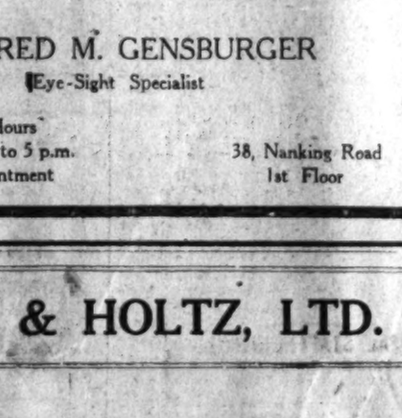

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C. 453 Honan Road, Shanghai.

Wireless Year Book, For 1919

Nowadays, everybody is interested in wireless, and no one who turns his thoughts in this direction can afford to overlook the Wireless Year Book in its latest phase. The 1919 volume, which constitutes its seventh annual appearance has just issued from the press.

Supposing a message has been picked up by your aerials and you desire to know whence it comes, turn to the volume in question and you will find it in the alphabetical list of Call Letters. A column in that list indicates the page in the "Land Stations" or "Ship Stations" Section wherein are to be found further particulars with regard to locale, wave length, etc. Should you desire to find out the number or charactor of the wireless stations which exist in the territories of the various countries or in their Naval and Mercantile Fleets, run through these sections, and the details will be yours at once.

Perhaps your desire for information may carry you further still. Queries may have arisen concerning the organisation of wireless telegraphy in some quarter of the globe or other. Again the same solution. Turn to the "Laws and Regulations" which—arranged alphabetically under the names of the countries—carry in front of them a summary dealing with radiotelegraphic administration, which is in most cases coupled with the names and addresses of the administrators. Supposing that you desire elucidation with regard to the legislation itself, you will find embodied in this "Laws and Regulations" section all the current rules and statutes. Those national laws have been mainly based upon the International Code of Rules as laid down in the Radio Convention of London of 1912, and in the special "Safety of Life at Sea Convention" of 1914. The full texts of both of these universal agreements figure in the Year Book, and you can consult them there.

A "Special Article" section has always constituted a feature of the Wireless Year Book, and the contributions to the present volume in no way fall behind their predecessors. Dr. Fleming publishes a highly illuminating article on "Maxwell's Electromagnetic Theory of Light," a "fundamental generalisation, standing on a level with Newton's great induction of universal gravitation." In view of the prominence of the telephony branch of wireless, the paper by Mr. Philip R. Coursey on "The Methods and Progress of Radiotelephony," together with an article on the "Electrical and Acoustic Characteristics of Telephone Receivers" by Dr. Louis V. King, of McGill University, Montreal, will be found particularly timely. An interesting dissertion on Radio Frequency Phenomena comes from the pen of Dr. N. W. McLachlan, whilst Mr. I. Shoenborg continues his notes on Valve Patents during 1918. This latter valuable piece of technical analysis has been further supplemented by a complete list of British and American Applications and Patents during the same period.

Perhaps the most significant of these special articles comes from the pen of Dr. W. H. Eccles, who takes for his subject, Cartography from the point of view of wireless and aeronautics. The intimate connection between radiotelegraphy and flying is bound to be emphasised more and more in succeeding issues of the publication, and Dr. Eccles strikes quite the right note in calling attention to this side of the subject. The writer shows why the maps to be found in the ordinary atlas, as well as world charts on Mercator's projection are of little service to either of these sciences.

DRINK

RED ROC

The Perfect Water

Saint's Progress

Saint's Progress. By John Galsworthy. New York: Charles Scribner's Sons. G.$1.60.

It is a commonpplace of young people to speak of "the gulf between the generations," as if that were something quite simple, a general fact to be accepted as a matter of course by parents and children everywhere. And yet, that it is far from simple, that in its universality it touches different people in many different ways, that it is one of the great, complex, sometimes heartbreaking, dramas of our human lives, we must realise if we stop to think. In "Saint's Progress" Galsworthy has made a great novel on that theme, yet not on that theme alone; for the thing is irreducible to terms of bare simplicity; it is not inability to recall their own youth that separates parents from their children; it is changing philosophies, new-grown ideals, the conflict of faiths. In Edward Pierson's life, this problem of faith is literally one of religious belief, of revelation, interpretation, authority. A man who loves his fellow-men and spends his life in the effort to serve them, a father who would make every sacrifice for the children he adores, a man utterly unworldly, whom all who know him love and call a saint, he finds himself unable to meet his daughters' needs or to draw close to men as brothers. This is the theme of Saint's Progress," a story intensely human, intensely interesting, deeply sympathetic, set against the background of English life in wartime.

And in the consideration of this new novel of Galsworthy's, we must see it in all these aspects—as a study of the cleavage between youth and the parent generation; as a setting forth of the problem of authoritative religion—of the Church—in a struggling, scientific, empirical world; as a picture of the war's effect upon society. It need scarcely be pointed out that "Saint's Progress" is a very beautiful book, and that Mr. Galsworthy's contribution to our study of these problems is something individual and distinct.

Edward Pierson is a clergyman, vicar of a large London parish, where he has worked very hard for many years, and where now, because his curate has gone as a Chaplain, he is doing two men's hard work instead of that of one. He is a man who loves God in all the beauty of His handiwork, the scents and stars and bird songs of the English country, and the music that men have made:

"He had a fine touch, and played with a sort of dreamy passion, losing himself completely. It was his way out of perplexities, regrets, and longings; a way which never quite failed him.

"Once on a time, at Cambridge, he had intended to take up music as a profession, and why he had not done so he never to this day quite understood. Family tradition had destined him for Holy Orders, and a certain emotional church revival of that day had caught him in its stream. He had always had private means, and those early years before he married had passed happily in an East End parish. To have not only opportunity but power to help in the lives of the poor had been fascinating; simple himself, the simple folk of his parish had taken hold of his heart. When, however, he fell in love and married Agnes Heriot, he was given a parish of his own on the borders of East and West, and there he had been ever since, even after her death had nearly killed him. It was better to go on where work and all reminded him of one whom he had resolved never to forget in other ties. But he was often conscious that his work had not the zest it used to have in her day, or even before her day. It may well be doubted whether he, who had been in Holy Orders twenty-six years, quite knew now what he believed. Everything had become set, circumscribed, and fixed, by thousands of his own utterances; to have taken fresh stock of his faith, to have gone deep into its roots, would have been like taking up the foundations of a still-standing house. Some men naturally root themselves in the inexpressible—and one formula for the inexpressible is much the same as another, but Edward Pierson, gently dogmatic, undoubtedly preferred the High Church statement of the inexpressible to that, say, of the Zoroastrians. The subtleties of change, the modifications by science, ever impinging on even the most inspired dogmas, left little sense of inconsistency or treason on his soul. Sensitive, charitable, and only combative deep down, he instinctively avoided discussion on matters where he might hurt others or they hurt him. And, since explanation was the last thing which could be expected of one who did not base himself on reason, he had found but scant occasion ever to examine anything."

To his two daughters, babies when their mother died, he had tried to be father and mother both, and between him and his children the tie of affection and tenderness was, on both sides, singularly deep. But he who "did not base himself on reason," who rarely examined anything, was only hurt and perplexed by Gratian's constant pitiless demand for "the truth"; and, drawing more and more into himself, set aside from men by his position of sanctity and authority, struggling with and denying human passions within him, he was utterly unable, fifteen years after his wife's death, to enter into eighteen-year-old Noel's eager desire for what she vaguely called "life." That Gratian is unable any longer to share his own beliefs, he is inclined to set down to the influence of the brilliant but "materialistic" surgeon whom she has married. Noel's young existence he feels that he must guide and govern; and when she announces her determined wish to marry a young army officer whom she has only known for a few weeks his sense of the gravity and eternity of marriage makes such a demand seem almost sacrilege.

The incidents of the novel are very largely concerned with Noel, who is not permitted to marry Cyril Morland before he goes to the war, and who, reckless, head-strong, passionately in love, loses sight of everything save the feeling that they must "belong to each other forever" before the soldier goes out to face the German guns. He never comes back. To Edward Pierson, who cares nothing for the world's opinion, and everything for his child's righteousness and forgiveness before God, Noel and her baby bring a cruel and complex tragedy into life.

In the unnaturalness, the "forcing-house"—as one of the characters calls it—of London existence in 1916, Mr. Galsworthy shows us a group of people with widely differing experiences, philosophies, ideas. There is a young Belgian painter to whom life is "an artist expressing himself in millions of ever-changing forms." There is the able and thoughtful young scientist who can never meet Pierson, deeply as he loves him, without getting into an argument on faith and immortality and the meaning of the universe. There is the kind and honest but somewhat battered middle-aged man who loves Noel, and there is the woman to whom love has always been everything, and who sees love passing with the passing of youth. There is Noel herself, and Gratian, and there are others, all with integral parts in the picture.

It is a picture of exquisite artistry, to move the heart, to stir one with its beauty and its love of the beauty of the earth, to challenge one's thought, and to leave one at last, not with the solution of any problem, but with a deepened sense of the need of sympathy in our complex lives, of kindness and brotherliness and tenderness.

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IF You are in the grip of Rheumatism, Sciatica, Lumbago, Gout, &c. &c.

All these are sure signs of clogging blood impurity, calling for immediate treatment through the blood, so don't waste your time and money on useless lotions and messy ointments which cannot get below the surface of the skin. What you want, and what you must have to be permanently cured, is a medicine that will thoroughly free the blood of the poisonous matter which alone is the true cause of all your suffering. Clarke's Blood Mixture is just such a medicine. It is composed of ingredients which quickly attack, overcome, and expel from the blood all impurities (from whatever cause arising), and by rendering it clean and pure, can be relied on to effect a complete and lasting cure.

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Seventh Inning Rally Wins For Locals Over Albany Nine

Giauque Singles And Hoffman Triples After Cooper Draws Pass; Shanghai Wins, 3-2; Reds And Blues Play Today

A last-inning rally won for Shanghai over the U.S.S. Albany yesterday by the score of 3-2. The locals entered the seventh on the short end of a 2-1 score but emerged on top when Giauque's single and Hoffman's triple followed a pass to Cooper. Both clouts were particularly timely and brought Gill through to a deserved win.

Gill pitched good ball but the sailors bunched three hits off him in the third which brought the first tally and he looked a bit bad in the sixth when he passed two men, threw wild to first and was touched for one binge, the combination bringing in the other Albany score.

Four Shanghai singles in the fifth tied up the score and the teams battled until the seventh although Shanghai tossed away chance after chance.

The locals found Orr for ten hits with a total of 13 and scored but three runs. Three Shanghai base runners were caught at the plate.

Albany Nine Is Snappy

It was the first appearance of the Albany crew and the cruiser has a snappy nine. Magee, the catcher, is a former Notre Dame man and Williams, the rightfielder, was with the University of Mississippi. Copeland at second, showed up well yesterday.

Orr and Oliver contributed the stellar plays, the former robbing Gill of a hit in the seventh and Oliver's perfect throw from left getting Bradley at the plate in the second. Giauque played a great game for Shanghai. He made two hits, one of them the timely wallop in the final frame, and in the same inning held Williams on third after getting Goins' long fly.

Gill pitched himself out of a bad hole in the seventh. Williams tripled as a starter. Giauque then got Goins' fly. Robinett fanned and Gill threw Magee out at first.

Wilhoit was back in the lineup and marked his return with a two base hit. Hoffman and Williams hit triples.

The box score:

Shanghai

	AB	R	BH	TB	PO	A	E
Gill, p	4	0	1	1	0	5	1
Crow, 3b	2	0	1	1	1	0	0
Scott, lf	3	0	0	0	0	0	1
Wilhoit, 1b	3	0	1	2	10	0	1
Bradley, c	3	1	1	1	6	0	0
Cooper, 2b	2	1	2	2	2	3	0
Smith, cf	3	0	1	1	0	0	0
Giauque, rf	3	1	2	2	2	0	0
Hoffman, ss	3	0	1	3	0	4	0
Totals	24	3	10	13	21	12	3

U.S.S. Albany

	AB	R	BH	TB	PO	A	E
Goins, cf	4	0	0	0	1	1	0
Robinett, 1b	4	0	1	1	10	0	1
Magee, c	4	0	0	0	5	0	0
Copeland, 2b	2	1	0	0	1	3	0
Orr, p	3	0	0	0	0	6	0
Neumer, ss	3	0	1	1	1	4	1
Oliver, lf	2	0	0	0	0	1	0
Bay, 3b	2	1	1	1	1	0	0
Williams, rf	2	0	2	4	2	0	0
Totals	24	2	5	7	21	15	2

By innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	R	H	E
Shanghai	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	3	10	3
Albany	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	2	5	2

Hits by innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	T
Shanghai	0	2	0	1	4	1	2	10
U.S.S. Albany	0	0	3	0	0	1	1	5

Earned runs—Shanghai, 2; U.S.S. Albany, 1. Left on bases—Shanghai, 3; U.S.S. Albany, 7. First base on errors—Shanghai, 1; U.S.S. Albany, 1. Two base hit—Wilhoit. Three base hits—Hoffman and Williams. Sacrifice hit—Crow. Struck out—by Gill, 6; by Orr, 2. First base on balls—off Gill, 4; off Orr, 1. Double plays—Hoffman to Cooper to Wilhoit; Goins to Neumer to Magee. Passed ball—Bradley. Time of game—one hour and 30 minutes. Umpires—Logan and Bristow.

Red Sox vs. Blue Sox Today

The Red Sox and Blue Sox will meet in the second game of the series at the Race Course this afternoon. The game is called for 5:30 o'clock.

Tuesday Game Protested

The Tuesday game between the two teams has been protested by Captain Brad Crow of the Blue Sox because the umpire failed to announce "infield fly" when Crow hit a pop in the seventh inning.

Asserting that the hit ball was an infield fly and the batter was out the minute the ball was hit, the Blue Sox leader asks that the game be played over as a double play was allowed. Hoffman touching second base after Bush had caught the ball. Crow contends that the batter was out whether or not the ball was caught and therefore the hit ball can not be considered a fly. Therefore a baserunner must be touched.

The protest will be considered by the committee and probably referred to a board of arbiters.

Albany Plays Week-end Games

The U.S.S. Albany will play Shanghai at the Race Course on Saturday and Sunday afternoons. Bradley and Hoffman will be out of town and this will bring a few changes in the locals' lineup. Bristow is to catch, Wilhoit will play short stop, and Hopkins is to be at first base.

Parsees Defeat S.C.C.

Barnes, Monk, Anderson, Wainwright, just recently returned from France, and Norman were the quintette responsible for most of the Shanghai Cricket Club's score of 123 compiled on Tuesday afternoon on their own ground against the bowling of R. F. Shroff and Bhoora, the successful bowlers of the visiting Parsee Cricket Club.

Play was continued yesterday afternoon when the visitors had their knock, and through the instrumentality of Bhoora, who was dropped before he had scored, Vicajee, S. T. Shroff, not out, and Damri the home club's score was passed by 11 runs. Excitement was high when the seventh wicket went down and the eighth with the score at 115 but stone-walling by Dagi and Karanjia helped S. T. Shroff to punish the bowling of Monk and Pentycross and so bring off a victory.

R. Bauld with 4 for 49 and Monk with 2 for 35 took the most wickets, the remainder being equally divided between Langley and Pentycross at 1 apiece. Through a misunderstanding Cooke failed to bat on Tuesday and should he have done so the tide might have been in the favor of the S. C. C. for D. H. can hit when he wants to.

Fielding on the part of both teams was never brilliant but was good for an evening match.

S. C. C.

W. G. Anderson, b. Bhoora	19
W. O. Lancaster, c. Karanjia, b. R. Shroff	0
H. Langley, c. Kavarana, b. Daji	8
T. L. Wainwright, c. and b. R. Shroff	18
W. J. Monk (Capt.), c. Bhoora, b. Ragi	20
E. G. Barnes, c. Shroff, b. Bhoora	33
E. G. Norman, c. Daji, b. R. Shroff	12
F. H. Pentycross, b. R. Shroff	3
R. Bauld, b. R. Shroff	3
D. H. Cooke, did not bat	–
G. Caulton, not out	0
Extras	7
Total	123

Bowling Analysis

	O.	M.	R.	W.
R. F. Shroff	16	4	36	5
M. D. Daji	9	–	33	1
C. H. Bhoora	13.1	3	23	2
R. H. Ragi	8	–	24	1

Parsees

C. H. Bhoora, b. Bauld	39
R. F. Shroff, run out	8
R. Vicajee, b. Langley	30
B. Tata, c. Lancaster, b. Bauld	0
R. H. Ragi (Capt.), st. Barnes, b. Bauld	6
C. B. Sethna, b. Bauld	7
E. W. Damri, b. Monk	13
S. T. Shroff, not out	23
M. H. Kavarana, b. Monk	0
M. D. Daji, b. Pentycross	1
K. S. Karanjia, run out	0
Extras	8
Total	134

Bowling Analysis

	O.	M.	R.	W.
R. Bauld	12	2	49	4
W. J. Monk	9.5	2	35	2
H. Langley	9	1	28	1
F. H. Pentycross	3	1	14	1

Swimming

There was a crowded house last evening at the Rowing Club in anticipation of the inter-club water polo league match between the homesters and the International Swimming Club.

The first event on the program was a composite race in which competitors had to swim one length of the tank on their backs and return to the starting point on any stroke. The following were the results:

Composite Race

Heat 1.—J. B. Brown 1
S. Yates 2
A. C. Nash 3
J. Fardel 0
Time 1:03 4-5

Heat 2.—E. A. Brodie 1
A. P. Goldman 2
A. E. Donald 3
F. Henry 0
J. E. Henry 0
Time 55 2-5 sec.

Team Race

Road Side defeated Creek Side by a touch.

Road Side: L. Goldman, A. E. Donald, J. E. Henry and E. A. Brodie.

Creek Side: M. Brodie, A. C. Nash, J. B. Brown and A. P. Goldman.

Polo Game

Rowing Club, 3; International S. C., 0.

Rowing Club: E. G. Barnes, L. Bertes and W. J. Brown; A. A. Macdonald; J. B. Brown, E. A. Brodie and A. P. Goldman.

International S. C.: C. E. Ozorio, V. Elliott and A. Remedios; G. V. Jensen; E. F. Mears, C. N. Carnacao and F. A. Remedios. Referee: Mr. J. H. McGregor.

Goldman score first for the Rowing Club then J. B. Brown netted one. Rough play was noticeable then and the referee ordered Goldman and Elliott out of the water.

No further scoring occurred in the opening moisty and the sides changed over with the score standing: Rowing Club 2 goals; I. S. C. 0.

In the second period Barnes in the deep end goal stopped several hot ones from Encarnacao. Brodie got a penalty throw and notched the homesters' third goal, making the final result: Rowing Club 3 goals, International S. C. 0.

Today's Band Program

The following program will be played by the Band in the Public Garden today, weather permitting, beginning at 9 p.m.:

1. March—Our Director ..... Rigelow.
2. Overture—Il Barbiere di Siviglia ..... Rossini.
3. Waltz—Pluie d'Or ..... Waldteufel.
4. Selection—The Belle of Cairo ..... Kinsay-Poole.
5. (a) One Step—Sunshine ..... Cobb.
   (b) Intermesso—Fairy Voices ..... Crowe.
6. Waltz—In the Moonlight ..... de Jong.
7. (a) Serenade ..... Moszkowsky.
   (b) Fox Trot—Smiles ..... Roberts.
8. Selection—Iolanthe ..... Sullivan.

A. de Kryger,
Conductor-in-Charge.

Unclaimed Telegrams

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July 7.—Djenseng Hwatansaw-road, Soerabaia.
" 12.—Chiukwanho Outside Duty Custom, Hongkong.
" 13.—Chenghiefong Minkwo Road, Hongkong.
" 15.—Wongwaying Yeelung Szechuen Road, Macao.
" 16.—Raymond Vapeur Wanli Consulat Francais, Canton.
" 21.—China Commercial, Hongkong.
" 21.—Wahcheong Press 140 Vuchue, Kualapilah.
" 28.—Milani, Bombay.
" 30.—Sibley Astor, Hongkong.
" 30.—Wenliemtsai Nanyang College, Sitoebondo.
" 30.—Bantsochon, Bangkok.
" 30.—Northchina, Soerabaia.
" 30.—Rychelynck Hotel France, Tourane.
" 31.—Yunnyue Avenue Adduard, Takow.
Aug. 1.—Mandat 20, London P.O.
" 1.—Mandat 21, London P.O.
" 1.—Campbell, Saigon.
" 1.—Chogshai, Swatow.

CRICKET IN ENGLAND

(Reuter's Service)

London, August 2.—Cricket: Surrey versus Australians drawn.

Sussex beat Yorkshire by five wickets.

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4. The lower exchange falls the greater will be the capital appreciation of silver debentures.
5. There are two sides to every question. Weigh these points carefully, and remember that the capital expenditure now being undertaken by the Municipality is for the benefit of the Ratepayers of Shanghai.

Application Forms and further Particulars can be obtained from the Finance Department,
SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL COUNCIL, Telephon Building (2nd Floor), SHANGHAI.

WILL SEARCH OCEAN FOR TYPES OF MARINE LIFE

Aquarium Builds Wellboat To Complete Its Collection Of Known Species

GULF STREAM AIDS WORK

Summer Currents Bring Many Rare Tropical Specimens From Southern Waters

New York, July 3.—Dr. Charles H. Townsend, Director of the Aquarium, will soon put in operation a plan for collecting interesting forms of marine life which will enable the Aquarium greatly to extend its collecting field and to put on exhibition most of the 200 known species of fishes which frequent the Long Island shores. The New York Zoological Society is having constructed a wellboat, to be used for collecting purposes by the Aquarium. The craft will be completed in a few weeks, and before the Summer is over it will have made many trips for specimens of local and tropical fishes.

The wellboat, which will be sturdy and seaworthy, is to be thirty-five feet in length with cabins fore and aft; it will comfortably accommodate four men. The well, separated by water-tight bulkheads from the fore and after sections of the boat, is provided with a constant change of water through many holes bored in the hull. The well measures eleven by ten feet at the bottom, and into this the captured fish will be placed. The craft will be supplied with a twenty-five horsepower gas engine. Such a craft is used today by fishermen in foreign waters.

Scientific fishing differs greatly from that for sport or profit. The fish when caught for an aquarium must be taken alive. These fish are caught sometimes in traps, at other times in nets. When the Aquarium desires local specimens of fishes a launch is chartered and the fishing banks are visited at a time when fishermen are making a haul. Such fish as are not marketable and are desired by the scientific collectors are then taken alive from the nets and conveyed to the Aquarium after they have been placed in wooden or galvanised tanks. In this method of fishing and transporting there is necessarily a loss. With a boat manned by scientific fishermen the Aquarium will be able to obtain its specimens in better condition and in increased variety and numbers, and a far greater part of the coast will be opened to the scientists in their operations.

The craft, Dr. Townsend said, would probably slip away from the Aquarium on Fridays, returning on the following night with specimens. He compared an aquarium without a collecting boat to a farmer without a horse. The craft, he said, would also enable the Aquarium to obtain a food supply for its fishes which are fed on chopped fish. The crew will fish with a seine about 300 feet long, which will enable them to sweep the beaches, and will dredge for crabs, mollusks, and starfish. The Aquarium owns a wide beamed trawl. This, Dr. Townsend said, should be vastly more efficient as a gatherer of bottom fishes and invertebrates when in tow of a powerful motor boat.

Every Summer the Gulf Stream brings rare and tropical fishes here. With the wellboat the collecting field for such specimens will be enlarged and so facilitated that many more such fishes should find their way into the Aquarium. The craft will hunt for specimens in the lower bay, the Great South Bay, the ocean, and Long Island Sound. Should the craft be sent as far south as Chesapeake Bay, it will be able to obtain many splendid southern species.

In its search for tropical and highly colored fishes the Aquarium does not confine itself to neighboring waters. Expeditions and excursions are frequently made to Key West, Fla., and to other points where desirable fishes for exhibition purposes abound. Louis L. Mowbray, a member of the Aquarium staff, has just returned from Florida with a collection of 400 fishes, small and large, and some of them as beautifully colored as a rainbow. Among them are nurse sharks, rock hinds, gray snappers, which are difficult to catch; French angel fish, with delicate blue, brown, and orange stripes; the sheepshead, which is extremely rare in local waters today, but which abounded twenty years ago in Sheepshead Bay; parrot fish, with beaks like parrots; giant groupers, popularly known as jewfish, which sometimes attain a growth of from 700 to 800 pounds, and many other specimens.

The fish tanks at the Aquarium are now being greatly enlarged. This was done by extending them in the rear. The Aquarium today has as perfect a system for filtering and purifying the water in its tanks and pools as has been devised. The water is changed every twenty-four hours, and is kept at the proper temperature for each particular fish. Visitors are often curious to know how long fishes live in captivity. Snappers in the Aquarium have been there for from six to eight years, and show no signs of decay.

In captivity fish become wonderfully tame, and some of them will stick their mouths out of the water and eat from their keeper's hands. There are large fishes with sharp and powerful teeth so sharp that without any trouble they could bite off a person's fingers if they had the opportunity. There are frolicsome and quarrelsome fish, fish which are bullies and others which are just natural born scrappers. It often happens that one such scrapper causes such a disturbance in a tank among his fellows that he is removed and placed in solitary confinement, and it is the same with the bullies. When one is removed it not infrequently happens that a fish he has kept down plucks up courage and becomes a bully himself until he likewise is removed to safety. The fish are fed three times a week, but they are always on the lookout for food.

There are visitors to the Aquarium who refuse to believe that some of the tropical and highly colored fishes are not first painted and then placed in the tanks. A recent visitor observing the beautiful blue stripes on a French angel fish insisted that because the edges of the stripes were uneven the fish had been painted and placed in the tank before the paint had dried thoroughly. It is needless to say that in the history of the Aquarium no such deception has ever been practiced, but it suffices to show that the great brilliancy of coloring of fishes leads many to believe that no fish could be born with such gorgeous tinting. There is a popular fallacy that fish caught on a hook, liberated by their captors and then returned to the water, sicken and die. On the contrary, such fishes, unless badly mutilated, quickly recover and are as sound as ever. Indeed, scientific fishermen sometimes catch fish alive with a hook line; a delicate operation, to be sure, requiring a light and dexterous hand.

Of the fish exhibited in aquariums at least 95 percent are collected by the staffs of these institutions. In making their collections the aquarists do not hesitate to go to distant coastal points on the Atlantic and Pacific or to unfrequented inland, tropical streams, habitats of alligator and crocodile and strange and curious water animals. In gathering their collections they often brave many dangers which lurk in tropical wilds.

INDOOR SPORTS By Tad

LISTEN TO ME WILTON BEEZER I'M A GOOD DEMOCRAT - MY WHOLE FAMILY WERE DEMOCRATS BUT I WILL NOT VOTE FOR MR. PLUGEM HIS WIFE IS A CAT
AND YOU DONT LIKE WIDHERS BECAUSE HE WEARS WHISKERS. AND YOU'LL GET EVEN BY NOT VOTING AT ALL EH.
WELL Y'KNOW THE OLD GAG - A MAN MIGHT ARGUE WITH A WOMAN BUT IT DOESN'T DO ANY GOOD
SHE FOUGHT 6 YEARS FOR THE VOTE AND NOW SHE'S GOING TO GET EVEN ON SOME PEOPLE BY NOT VOTING AT ALL
INDOOR SPORTS
LISTENING TO A BLOKE TRY TO TALK POLITICS WITH HIS WIFE

Passengers Arrived

Per I-C. s.s. Kutwo from Hankow: Miss Bader.

Per C.N. s.s. Suiyang from Hongkong: Mrs. A. H. Green and 2 children, Mrs. H. Oliverona, Mrs. F. W. Whitfield, Miss H. A. MacFarlane, Messrs. E. J. Dyke, S. B. Davis, Y. J. Wfugnardon, 21 British Marine Ratings.

Per C.M. s.s. Fengtien from Tientsin and ports: Mr. and Mrs. Pott and 2 children, Misses Lively, E. M Gunur, Dr. Sugg, Messrs. Pottinger T. C. White, F. B. Foster, Steward, Guest, E. A. Llee, C. B. Bullard, Brown.

Per C.N. s.s. Hsin Peking from Tinpo: Mr M. Farnn, Dr. H. Berg.

Per. N.Y.K. s.s. Kumano Maru from Japan: Dr. J. E. Hulteman, Messrs. K. C. Wong, W. M. Smith, W. E. Hughes, F. Marti, W. S. King, F. Robertson, H. McAdam, Suchura Ugai, Ishikawa, Hayashi, Muragata, Yamada, Tatenuma, J. Tachikawa, I. Tachikawa, Miyamoto, Taka, Tanaka, Yamasaki, Otani, Ono, Hisatake, Kawamoto, Torimoto, Sakai, Shioji, Mrs. K. Murata, Mr. and Mrs. Tachikawa, Mr. and Mrs. Hayashi.

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Peking Union Medical College

Announcements for the Academic Year 1919-20

The work of the recorganized Peking Union Medical College is divided between two schools: the Medical School, which gives a four years' course in medicine and an additional optional year of special work in the laboratories or hospital; and the Premedical School, which offers a three years' course preparatory to admission to the Medical School. The Premedical School was opened in September 1917. The Medical School will admit its first class on October 1, 1919.

All instruction in both the Medical and the Premedical Schools, except courses in Chinese language and literature, is given in the English language.

THE MEDICAL SCHOOL

Requirements for Admission: The minimum requirements for admission to the Medical School are graduation from an approved middle school, or its equivalent, and the completion of not less than three years of college work. This must include satisfactory courses in biology, chemistry (including general, analytical, and organic), physics, English Chinese, and at least one other foreign language.

All candidates for admission, except graduates of the Premedical School, must pass satisfactory examinations in the subjects required for admission.

Curriculum: During the year 1919-20 only the subjects included in the first year of the medical course will be offered.

Graduate Courses and Research: Special courses in anatomy, physiology, and physiological chemistry will be offered during the year 1919-20 to graduates in medicine or other qualified persons. Visitors who desire to investigate special problems may be granted the use of the laboratories at the discretion of the Director.

THE PREMEDICAL SCHOOL

Requirements for Admission: Admission is by entrance examination only. To be eligible for the entrance examinations, a candidate must be a graduate of an approved middle school or its equivalent, and must possess a good working knowledge of English, both oral and witten.

Curriculum: The Premedical School offers a three-year course in the fundamental subjects which are prerequisite to the study of medicine, including mathematics, biology, chemistry, physics, Chinese, English, French, and German. Students who complete satisfactorily the work of the Premedical School are admitted to the Medical School without further examinations.

Advanced Standing: Admission with advanced standing will be granted to candidates who present suitable credentials showing the completion of one or more years of work of collegiate grade and who pass satisfactory examinations in the subjects for which credit is desired.

Calendar: The first semester opens September 23, 1919, and closes January 30, 1920; the second semester opens February 3, 1920, and closes June 16.

EXAMINATIONS

Examinations for admission to the first year of the Medical School and for admission to the Premedical School will be held at Peking and at Shanghai on June 9 to 13 and August 25 to 29, 1919. In case the number of applicants warrants it, examinations will be held at other centers. Applications for admission and requests for further information should be addressed to

The Dean,
Peking Union Medical College, Peking, China.

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Business and Official - - Notices - -

(Second Section)

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SHANGHAI, THURSDAY, AUGUST 7, 1919

MUNICIPAL NOTIFICATION

No. 2842

Choleraic Diarrhoea

The attention of the Public is particularly directed to the following Notice issued by the Health Department:—

CHOLERAIC DIARRHOEA

Caused by Food Infected by the Excretions of a Previous Case

HOW TO PREVENT

EAT AND DRINK

Nothing that has not been recently cooked, boiled or otherwise sterilised.

DO NOT CONSUME

1. Fruit, vegetables, salads, melons, etc., which have not been cooked or otherwise sterilised.
2. Food on which flies have settled.
3. Milk or cream which has not been boiled or sterilised.
4. Ice-cream unless made from boiled materials.
5. Water which has not been boiled or filtered through a germ-proof filter, the candle of which should be boiled once a week regularly.
6. Aerated waters or other drinks unless of the best quality.

FRUITS, TOMATOES, ETC., CAN BE STERILISED

so that they can be safely eaten raw, and without spoiling the flavour, by dipping for a few seconds in briskly boiling water.

By order,
N. O. LIDDELL,
Secretary.

Council Room,
Shanghai, August 7, 1919.

74846

NOTICE

The China Garage Company have purchased from the Klauber Trading Corporation their stock of Motor Cars, Trucks, Cycles and Accessories now at No. 21 Foochow Road, and will from the 1st August, 1919, carry on the business of a Garage and Motor Engineers at that address.

Mr. P. H. Neubourg has been appointed Manager of the firm.

THE CHINA GARAGE CO.

24761

NOTICE

We have sold our whole stock of Motor Cars, Trucks, Cycles and Accessories at our premises No. 21 Foochow Road to The China Garage Company, who will from this day occupy these premises.

THE KLAUBER TRADING CORPORATION.

Dated 1st August, 1919.

24761

Dr. James Yuking's

Office for Venereal Diseases is now removed to 73 NANKING ROAD.

Hours: 10 a.m. to 5 p.m. daily and by appointment.

Special consideration to men in uniform.

Business and Official Notices are Continued on Page 13

Amusement Advertising will be found on Page 14

NOTICE TO MARINERS

No. 684.

China Sea.

Amoy and Foochow Districts.

Chapel Island and Turnabout Island Lightstations.

Responding Fog-gun Signals —Distinguishing intervals to be changed.

NOTICE is hereby given that from the 1st November, 1919, the distinguishing intervals of the responding fog-gun signals at Chapel Island and Turnabout Island Lightstations will each be changed to 3 minutes.

By Order of the Inspector General of Customs,
T. J. ELDRIDGE,
Coast Inspector.

THE MARITIME CUSTOMS,
Coast Inspector's Office,
Shanghai, 6th August, 1919.

24840

HARBOUR NOTIFICATION

No. 6 of 1919.

NOTICE is hereby given that the former call flag (F) flown by vessels arriving with mail for the Chinese Post Office has been changed for a special mail flag of the following description:

A rectangular white flag having the Chinese ensign in the upper corner nearest to the mast, with the character (郵) and the word "Posta" underneath; in the field a Wild Goose in flight.

A coloured sketch of the new flag is exhibited on the Notice Board outside the Harbor Master's Office.

H. G. MYHRE,
Harbor Master.

Approved:
L. A. LYALL,
Commissioner of Customs.

Custom House,
Shanghai, 6th August, 1919.

24839

NOTICE OF REMOVAL

K. H. SCHEN & CO. have removed their offices to No. 56 Kiangse Road—corner of Peking and Kiangse Roads.

24734

NOTICE

S.S. "Yienin Maru" loading for Tientsin on or about August 10th For freight, apply to Schiller and Co.

24825

[redacted]

You can't beat it in Quality. You can't equal it in Price: BUSINESS MEN'S LUNCH from 11.30 until 2 p.m. (excepting Sunday) SULLIVAN'S CANDY STORE, No. 11 Nanking Rd.

Municipal Notification

No. 2802.

7% LOAN 1919

Price of Issue until further notice 95 per cent.

Under the authority of Resolution V passed at the Annual Meeting of Ratepayers on April 9, 1919, the Council hereby invites applications for debentures in the 7 per cent Loan of 1919.

The debentures in this issue will bear interest from the date of purchase at the rate of 7 per cent per annum payable on June 30 and December 31 in each year.

They will be issued at 95 per cent until further notice and will be redeemed on December 31, 1929.

The scrip will be issued in denominations of Tls. 1,000, Tls. 500 and Tls. 100 to suit the convenience of applicants.

Application forms can be obtained from the Treasurer, Finance Department, 24a Kiangse Road, to whom all enquiries should be addressed.

By order,
N. O. LIDDELL,
Secretary.

Council Room,
Shanghai, April 12, 1919.

24754

NOTICE

By a resolution passed by the requisite majority of the stockholders of the

CHINA & JAPAN TRADING CO., LD.

at a special meeting held at the Company's Head Office in New York City, U.S.A., such resolution having been duly filed in the office of the Secretary of State of the State of New York, it was resolved that as the business of the Company had been extended to new territories the name be changed to

CHINA, JAPAN & SOUTH AMERICA TRADING COMPANY, LIMITED.

In pursuance of the above the business of the Company will in future be carried on at New York, Shanghai and other branches under the new name of

CHINA, JAPAN & SOUTH AMERICA TRADING CO., LIMITED.

J. T. DISSELDUFF,
Manager.

Shanghai, 31st July, 1919.

24743

SITUATION VACANT

WANTED, European import firm at Shanghai desires to engage well educated English-speaking Chinese, thoroughly acquainted with the dental trade and having sufficient commercial experience to run a dental department. State salary required and all particulars. Apply to Box 199, THE CHINA PRESS.

24829

ELEVATORS AND LIFTS

Manufactured by

PICKERINGS, LIMITED

Stockton-on-Tees, England

SOLE AGENTS

A. E. THOMPSON & CO.

5 Szechuen Road

24837

FOR BRITISH AND AMERICAN

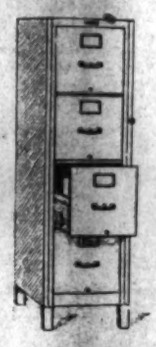
METALS, HARDWARE & SUNDRIES

PHONE OR WRITE TO

W. Z. ZEE & SONS

BROADWAY-SHANGHAI PHONE: NORTH 1468

We Specialize In



FILING CABINETS

(Steel and Oak)

FILING SYSTEMS AND SUPPLIES

Before buying elsewhere, phone us or call at our show-room.

THE OFFICE APPLIANCE CO.

Phone: Central 4778 — SPECIALISTS IN OFFICE EQUIPMENT — 22 Nanking Road, Shanghai

The Prest-O-Lite Battery

offers the most for the money—more power to operate your starter and lights—more service to insure your complete satisfaction in its use.

Distributors and Service Station for China of Stewart Products

The Shanghai Horse Bazaar & Motor Co., Ltd.

SITUATION WANTED

GENTLEMAN, with a twelve years' experience in the building trade in the States and other places, wants employment. Also has good references. Apply to Box 209, THE CHINA PRESS.

24844 A.8.

WANTED: An energetic young man, with experience in general office work, correspondence and banking, at present employed, wishes to better himself. Apply to Box 204, THE CHINA PRESS.

24838 A.9.

AMERICAN, university graduate, general office experience, knowledge of coding form works, shorthand and typewriting, wants position at moderate salary. Apply to Box 202, THE CHINA PRESS.

24835 A.8.

TYPING: Expert steno-typist will undertake typing on own machine. Moderate charges. Apply to Box 187, THE CHINA PRESS.

24812

WELL-educated Chinese young man seeks employment in any line as translator or secretary, having many years of experience in translation work and general office routine. Apply to Box 190, THE CHINA PRESS.

24815 A.10

EXPERIENCED cable man (Chinese) wants position. Capable of handling all codes. Apply to Box 182, THE CHINA PRESS.

24804 A 7

HOUSES TO LET

TO LET, 6 Wayside Road, excellent six-roomed corner house, near trams. Rent Tls. 60. Apply premises or J. T. Hammond, 51 Szechuen Road.

24748

TO LET, 20 Yates Road, detached eight-roomed residence, tennis, garage, stabling. Apply premises or J. T. Hammond, 51 Szechuen Road.

24749

TO LET, 44 Sinza Road, excellent residence of four large and three small rooms. Apply premises or J. T. Hammond, 51 Szechuen Road.

24750

TO LET, small furnished house Hongkew district. Apply to Box 167, THE CHINA PRESS.

24771

MISCELLANEOUS

$3000 wanted as loan or in partnership in prosperous business. Good interest and security. For particulars, apply to Box 192, THE CHINA PRESS.

24818 A.8

WANTED to rent, a small detached building in the International Settlement, suitable for a small factory. Apply to Box 137, THE CHINA PRESS.

24753

APARTMENTS

Connaught House

8 Quinsan Gardens

Board-Residence

Terms moderate.

Apply Mrs. POLLOCK.

TO LET

From July 18th, one large front room, with verandah and bathroom, facing the Park, very cool in summer; and also one small room. Apply to Mrs. Weinstock, 15 Quinsan Gardens, Tel. North 482.

TO LET, with board, large comfortable newly furnished front room, with open verandah and private bathroom attached. Facing south. All modern comforts, telephone, garage, stabling and tennis. Apply to Box 463, THE CHINA PRESS.

WANTED, flat down-town, with bath and kitchen attached. Apply to Box 206, THE CHINA PRESS.

24842 A.9.

TO LET, furnished room, bathroom, no board, from August 15th, to bachelor only. 9 Ezra Road, top flat.

23524 A.7.

ROOMS to let, furnished Flat overlooking Bund, housekeeping accommodation occupied by one bachelor; will share with another bachelor willing to pay for first-class service. Apply to Box 186, THE CHINA PRESS.

24810

TO LET, in private family, in Western district, a nicely furnished room, with verandah and bathroom attached, with board and use of telephone. Apply to Box 171, THE CHINA PRESS.

24778 A. 8

APARTMENTS WANTED

WANTED, by married couple, Russian, with one child, small furnished flat without board in Central district. Apply to Box 188, THE CHINA PRESS.

24813

SITUATION WANTED

GENTLEMAN, with extensive Eastern business experience and good connections, is soon open for engagement. Work guaranteed profit-bearing. Apply to Box 178, THE CHINA PRESS.

24800 A.7

HOUSES WANTED

FURNISHED HOUSE or flat, four or five rooms, for six months or so from November first. No children. Max J. Cavanagh, International Banking Corporation.

24847 A.12.

WANTED by married couple, from 1st September or before, a flat composed of two or three rooms, furnished or unfurnished, with kitchen and bathroom attached. Central district preferred. Apply to Box 205, THE CHINA PRESS.

24841 A.9.

WANTED, unfurnished house, on long lease, about 50 taels, preferably western district or French Concession. Apply to Box 208, THE CHINA PRESS.

24843 A.9.

WANTTD, house (furnished or unfurnished) in French Concession or western district. Rent Taels 50 to 90. Apply to Box 197, THE CHINA PRESS.

24824 A.10.

WANTED, flat of 4 to 5 rooms in the central district, unfurnished preferred, willing to take over furnished flat at valuation. Apply to Box 198, THE CHINA PRESS.

24824 A.10.

WANTED, furnished house, five or six rooms, three months, October 1st to January 1st. Western district or French Concession. A. B. Richardson, Mustard & Company.

24830 A.10

WANTED in Western district or French Settlement, from August, September or October, for 8 to 9 months, a furnished house with 7 or 8 rooms and garden. N. O. Liddell, S.M.C., Secretariat.

24752

OFFICES, ETC., TO LET

OFFICES to let, Szechuen Road, two rooms, second floor. Apply to J. T. Hammond, 51 Szechuen Road.

24811

OFFICES to let; three large rooms, at No. 6 Foochow Road 1st floor; two large rooms, No. 51 Szechuen Road, second floor. Apply J. T. Hammond, 51 Szechuen Road.

24809

EDUCATIONAL

WANTED.—Chinese young gentleman wishes to study English from English or American lady Apply Box 201, THE CHINA PRESS.

FRENCH taught to children or adults by well-recommended young lady. Price moderate. Apply to Box 195, THE CHINA PRESS.

24822 A.8

SITUATIONS VACANT

WANTED, stenographer capable of taking charge of correspondence dept. Apply to Box 207, THE CHINA PRESS.

24842 A.9.

MARKET SHROFF wanted immediately by foreign firm, active man acquainted with dealers in hardware and sundries, and with proper experience in these lines. Apply to Box 203, THE CHINA PRESS.

24836 A.9.

COMPRADORE wanted for prosperous business (horticulture and flower shop). For particulars apply to Box 191, THE CHINA PRESS.

24818 A.8

WANTED, bookkeeper, Eurasian either sex. Must be competent. Apply to Box 193, THE CHINA PRESS.

24819 A.8

WANTED, a certificated English teacher. Apply to Box 196, THE CHINA PRESS.

24823 A.12

WANTED, stenographer (female), with old-established import and export firm. One capable of taking entire charge of correspondence; excellent opportunity. State references, experience and salary desired. Apply to Box 185, THE CHINA PRESS.

24798 A 7

WANTED, teacher of English, American, in Ningpo. Salary, $165 per month for period September-June. Living expenses moderate. Apply to Box 172, THE CHINA PRESS.

24780 A. 9

WANTED, a Chinese Customs clerk, with knowledge of import and export Customs work. Apply to Box 156, THE CHINA PRESS.

24756

Exchange and Mart

FOR SALE, a beautiful well-assorted pearl necklace, 80 pearls of a high lustre at a low price; to be seen at Room 108 Palace Hotel from noon to 2 p.m. and 5 to 6 p.m Owner leaving in two days.

24827 A.7

FOR SALE, two diamond rings weighing 5 and 2 carats each, cheap price, owner leaving Shanghai shortly, also four scarf pins with pearls. Please apply in person to Room 108 Palace Hotel, from 12 to 2 p.m., 5 to 6 p.m.

24827

FOR SALE, "Humberette" motor-car, two-seater, with rear dickey-seat. In excellent condition and running order. Just overhauled. Tls. 550 for quick sale. Trial, etc., by appointment. Apply to Box 189, THE CHINA PRESS.

24817 A.8

FOR SALE, ten fully paid up $10.00 shares Shanghai Co-operative Society Ltd. Any reasonable offer accepted. Apply to Box 184, THE CHINA PRESS.

24806

Chinese and Foreign Banking Announcements

Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China

Incorporated by Royal Charter 1853.

Capital £2,000,000
Reserve Fund 2,000,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders £2,100,000

Head Office:
38 Bishopsgate, London, E. C.

Court of Directors:
Sir Montagu Cornish Turner, Chairman.
Sir Duncan Carmichael.
T. Cuthbertson, Esq.
Sir Alfred Dent, K.C.M.G.
W. B. Neville Goschen, Esq.
The Rt. Hon. Lord George Hamilton, G.C.S.I.
W. Foot Mitchell, Esq.
Lewis Alexander Wallace, Esq.

Bankers:
The Bank of England.
The London Joint City & Midland Bank Limited.
The London County and Westminster and Parrs Bank, Limited.
The National Provincial Bank of England, Limited.
The National Bank of Scotland, Limited.

Agencies and Branches:

Amritsar	Ilollo	Puket
Bangkok	Ipoh	Rangoon
Batavia	Karachi	Saigon
Bombay	Klang	Seremban
Calcutta	Kobe	Singapore
Canton	Kuala-Lumpur	Shanghai
Cebu	Madras	Sourabaya
Colombo	Manila	Taiping
Delhi	Medan	(F. M. S.
Haiphong	New York	Tavoy (Lower
Hankow	Peking	Burma)
Hongkong	Penang	Tientsin,
	Yokohama	

Shanghai Branch 18 The Bund.

Drafts granted on the above Agencies and Branches and also on the principal Commercial Cities throughout the world. Bills of Exchange bought, Travelling Letters of Credit issued and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.

Interest allowed on Current Deposit Accounts, according to arrangement.

Fixed Deposits are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

A. U. D. STEWART.
Manager.

BANQUE DE L'INDO-CHINE

Capital ..... Frs. 48,000,000.00
Reserve ..... Frs. 50,000,000.00

Succursales et Agences:

Bankok	Hanoi	Saigon
Battambang	Hongkong	Shanghai
Canton	Mengtze	Singapore
Djibouti	Noumea	Tientsin
Dondichery	Peking	Tourane
Haiphong	Papoote	
Hankoou	Pnom-Penh	

Bankers:
In France: Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris; Credit Lyonnais; Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas; Credit Industriel et Commercial; Societe Generalle.
In London: The Union of London and Smith's Bank, Ltd.; Comptoir National d'Escompte des Paris; Credit Lyonnais.

This Shanghai Agency undertakes all banking operations and exchange business, grants credits on goods and approved securities and receives deposits on current and fixed deposits according to arrangement.

L. ARDAIN.
Manager.

The Exchange Bank of China

SHANGHAI BRANCH
41 Kiangse Road.

Telephone C. 1941.
Telegraphic Address "Knabar."

Capital .....Yen 10,000,000

Head Office ..... Peking.
Registered in the Ministry of Finance.

General Banking Business of Every Description transacted.

Foreign and Domestic Exchange Business a specialty. We issue Demand Drafts, T/T, Letters of Credit, Buying and Selling Specie, etc. etc.

Foreign and Domestic Commercial Papers and Bills discounted.

Loans and Advances made on approved Securities.

Interest allowed on current accounts and fixed deposits according to arrangement.

Foreign Agencies at Tokio, Yokohama, Kobe, Osaka, Nagasaki, Moji, Singapore, Bombay, London, New York.

Domestic Agencies at Tientsin, Hankow, Kiukiang, Tsingtao, Dairen, Changchun, Mukden, Foochow, Amoy, Swatow, Hongkong, Canton.

E. C. KONG,
Manager.

Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

Paid-up Capital $15,000,000

Reserve Funds:—
Sterling £1,500,000 @ 2/- $15,000,000
Silver 21,000,000
$36,000,000

Reserve liability of Proprietors $15,000,000

Head Office: HONGKONG
Court of Directors:
J. A. Plummer, Esq., Chairman.
Hon. Mr. E. V. D. Parr, Deputy Chairman.
A. H. Compton, Esq.
Hon. Mr. S. H. Dodwell.
C. S. Gubbay, Esq.
P. H. Holyoak, Esq.
Hon. Mr. J. Johnstone.
W. L. Pattenden, Esq.

Chief Manager.
Hongkong—N. J. Stabb.

Branches and Agencies:

Amoy	Ipoh	Penang
Bangkok	Johore	Rangoon
Batavia	Kobe	Saigon
Bombay	Kuala-Lumpur	S. Francisco
Calcutta	London	Shanghai
Canton	Lyons	Singapore
Colombo	Malacca	Sourabaya
Foochow	Manila	Tientsin
Hankow	Nagasaki	Tsingtao
Harbin	New York	Vladivostock
Ilollo	Peking	Yokohama

London Bankers:
London County Westminster and Parr's Bank, Ltd.

Shanghai Branch: 12, The Bund.
Sub-Agency: 9 Broadway.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and on Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.

Local Bills Discounted.

Credits granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Drafts granted on London and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, Africa, China, Japan and America.

A. G. STEPHEN,
Manager.

Russo-Asiatic Bank

	Roubles.
Capital (fully-paid)	55,000,000
Reserve Fund	26,960,000
	Kug. Tls.
Capital Contributed by the Chinese Government ..	3,500,000
Reserve Fund	1,750,000

Head office: Petrograd.
Paris office: 9 Rue Boudreau.
London office: 64 Old Broad Street, E.C. 2.

Bankers:
London: Messrs. Glyn, Mills, Currie & Co.
Paris: Sciete Generale pour favoriser le Development de Commerce et de l'Industrie en France. Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas.
Lyons: Societe Generale pour favoriser le Development du Commerce et de l'Industrie en France.
Milan: Credito Italiano.

FAR EASTERN BRANCHES:

Bombay	Hailar	Nicolayewsk
Chanchun	Hankow	O/Amur
(Kwan-chendze)	Harbin	Peking
Chefoo	Hongkong	Shanghai
Dairen	Manchouli	Tientsin
(Dalny)	Newchwang	Vladivostock
		Yokohama

85 Branches and Agencies in Russia, Siberia and Mongolia.

SHANGHAI BRANCH
Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels, Dollars and Roubles. Terms on application.

Local Bills discounted. Special facilities for Russian Exchange.

Foreign Exchange on the principal cities of the world bought and sold.

Safe Deposit Boxes.

L. JEZIERSKI,
G. CARRERE.
Managers for Asia.

The National Commercial Bank, Ltd.

Established 1907.

Paid-Up Capital $1,000,000.00
Reserve Fund $91,347.41

Head Office: Shanghai
Peking and Kiangse Roads.
Tels: Managers' Office: Central 2650
General Office: Central 2613 & 2614

Branches:
Hangchow, Hankow, Peking, Tientsin, Mukden and Harbin.

FOREIGN CORRESPONDENTS
London, New York, San Francisco, Tokio, Yokohama, Kobe and Osaka.

Correspondents at the principal cities throughout China.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels, Dollars, Gold Dollars, Sterling and Y according to arrangement.

Interest allowed on Deposits at Call both in Taels and Dollars according to arrangement.

Domestic and Foreign Drafts purchased and sold.

Credit grant on approved securities.

Savings Accounts—4% per annum.

Every description of banking business transacted.

Modern Safe Deposit Boxes For Rent.

Shen Chu Hsu, Manager.
Shu Chin Min, Sub-Manager.
C. C. Yang, Sub-Manager.

Banque Belge Pour L'Etranger

Societe Anonyme
Filiale de la Societe Generale de Belgique
(THE BELGIAN BANK)

Paid-Up Capital £2,000,000
Reserves £431,890

Head office: BRUSSELS
London: 2 Bishopsgate, E.C.2
Branches: Alexandria, Tantah, Cairo, Peking, Tientsin,
Agents:
New York: 31 Pine Street
Manchester: 31 Mosley Street

President:
JEAN JADOT
Gouverneur de la Societe Generale de Belgique

Bankers:
London: Martin's Bank, Ltd.
Brussels: Societe Generale de Belgique.
Antwerp: Banque d'Anvers.
Paris: Banque Nationale de Credit.
Lyons: Banque Nationale de Credit.
Marseilles: Banque Nationale de Credit.
New York: Guaranty Trust Co. of New York.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts in gold or local currency and fixed deposits according to arrangements.

Every description of banking and exchange business transacted.

M. DEMETS
Manager.

Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

Savings Bank Office:
12 The Bund, and 9 Broadway.

Deposits of not less than $1, or over $100, will be received at one time.

Not more than $1,200 will be received in one year from any single not at any time exceed the sum of $5,000.

Interest at the rate of 3½ per cent per annum will be allowed on the monthly minimum balance. Deposits may be withdrawn on demand. Accounts will be kept either in Mexican Dollars or Taels, at the option of the depositor.

Depositors will be presented with Pass Books in which all transactions will be entered. Pass Books must be presented when paying in or withdrawing money.

Office Hours—10 a.m. to 3 p.m. Saturday, 10 a.m. to 12 noon.

Commercial Bank of China

Head Office: SHANGHAI

Subscribed Capital Sh. Tls. 5,000,000
Paid-Up Capital Sh. Tls. 2,500,000

Advances made on approved securities. Bills discounted.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts at 2 per cent per annum on daily balance. On Fixed deposits:
For 3 months at 3% per annum.
For 6 months at 4 % per annum.
For 12 months at 5% per annum
On deposits in Dollars according to arrangement.

H. G. MARSHALL,
Chief Manager.

行銀孚中 Chung Foo Union Bank

(Established in 1917.)

Statutes approved by the Government in 1916.

Head Office: Tientsin

Subscribed Capital $2,000,000
Paid-Up Capital $1,020,000
Reserve Fund .....$ 20,000

Acting Managing Director:
NIEH CHI-WEI

Branches and Agencies in Domestic Cities and Foreign Countries:

Tientsin	Chinkiang	Ichang
Shanghai	Soochow	Changsha
Peking	Wusieh	Shasi
Hankow	Hangchow	Wuhu
Nanking	Ningpo	London
Yangchow	Shaoshing	New York
Hsuchow	Canton	San Francisco
Pengpu	Hongkong	Boston
Changchun	Changteh	Tokio
Antung	Chengchow	Kobe
Kiukiang	TsinkiangpuOsaka	
	Yokohama	

And also other principal cities in foreign countries.

SHANGHAI BRANCH,
S. 441 Ningpo Road.
Tel. Central 1929 Managers' Office.
Tel. Central 2618 General Office.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted. Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits both in Taels and Dollars according to arrangement.

Credits granted on approved securities.

Y. R. SUN, Manager,
T. D. Zai, Sub-Manager.

International Banking Corporation

Head Office:
National City Bank Building
55 Wall Street, New York.

Capital and Surplus ...U.S. $6,500,000
Undivided Profits .U.S. $2,563,010.00

H. T. S. Green,
President & General Manager.
London Office:
36 Bishopsgate, E. C.
San Francisco Office:
232 Montgomery Street.

Far Eastern Branches
China: Shanghai Peking Tientsin, Hankow, Hongkong, Canton.
Japan: Yokohama, Kobe.
Philippines: Manila, Cebu.
India: Rangoon Bombay, Calcutta.
Straits Settlements: Singapore.
Dutch East Indies: Batavia, Soerabaya.

West Indian and Central American Branches:
Republic of Panama: Panama, Colon.
Republic of Colombia: Medellin.
Dominican Republic: Santo Domingo, San Pedro de Macoris, Santiago, Puerto Plata.

In addition to our own Branches, by reason of our close affiliation with *The National City Bank of New York* we are able to offer the facilities of its branches at Bahai, Buenos Aires, Caracas, Genoa, Havana, Montevideo, Moscow, Petrograd, Rio de Janeiro, San Juan, P. R., Santiago de Cuba, Santos, Sao Paulo Valparaiso, Vladivostock.

Commercial and Travellers' Letters of Credit, Bills of Exchange and Cable Transfers bought and sold. Current accounts opened and Fixed Deposits taken on rates that may be ascertained on application to the Bank.

H. C. GULLAND, Manager.
1a, Kiukiang Road.

THE BANK OF CANTON, LIMITED.

Incorporated 1912.

Capital (fully paid) H.$2,000,000.00
Reserve Fund ..... H.$ 400,000.00
Investment reserve fund ..... H.$ 40,000.00

Head Office
No. 6 Des Voeux Road, Hongkong.

Shanghai Office
No. 2 Ningpo Road

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES

Canton	Bangkok	San Francisco
Batavia	Bombay	Colombo
New York	Manila	Samarang
London	Singapore	Calcutta
Honolulu	Rangoon	Yokohama
Sourabaya	Canada, etc.	

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

C. C. WONG,
Act. Manager.

BANK OF COMMUNICATIONS

Specially authorised by Presidental Mandates of April 7th, 1914, and October 31st, 1915.

Capital: Kuping Taels 10,000,000

HEAD OFFICE: PEKING
Over 60 Branches and Agencies at principal cities and commercial centers in China.
Agencies abroad: Singapore, Hongkong, Tokyo (Japan).

SHANGHAI BRANCH
35 Szechuen Road.

Interest allowed on both Current and Fixed Deposit Accounts; Credit granted to approved securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

H. TAO, Manager.
Y. M. CHIEN, Sub-Manager.

Yokohama Specie Bank, Limited

(Established 1880.)

Head Office: YOKOHAMA JAPAN.

Capital Subscribed .. Yen 48,000,000
Capital Paid-up .... Yen 42,000,000
Reserve Fund ..... Yen 25,000,000

London Bankers:
The London County and Westminster and Parr's Bank, Ltd.
The National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Ltd.
The London Joint Stock Bank, Ltd.

Branches and Agencies

Batavia	Los Angeles	Seattle
Bombay	London	Shanghai
Buenos Ayres	Lyons	Shimonoseki
Calcutta	Manila	Singapore
Changchun	Mukden	Sourabaya
Dalny	Nagasaki	Sydney
Hankow	Newchwang	Tientsin
Harbin	New York	Tokio
Hongkong	Osaka	Tsinanfu
Honolulu	Peking	Tsingtau
Kaiyuen	Rangoon	Valdivostock
Kobe	S. Francisco	

SHANGHAI BRANCH
Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels and Dollars, according to arrangement.

Drafts granted on principal places in Japan, Korea, Formosa, China and the chief commercial places in Europe, India and America.

Every description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

F. E. KODAMA, Manager.

The Bank of China

(Specially authorised by Presidential Mandate of 15th April, 1915)

Authorised Capital .. $60,000,000.00
Paid-Up Capital ..

[redacted]

Fixed Deposits in Taels or Dollars according to arrangement.

Sung Han-chang,
Manager.
Shanghai, 15th February, 1919.

Banque Industrielle de Chine

Capital ..... Francs 75,000,000
one-third of the Capital, i. e. Frs. 25,000,000, subscribed by
THE GOVERNMENT OF THE CHINESE REPUBLIC
Statutes approved by the Government of the Chinese Republic on January 11, 1913.

President, Andre Berthellot.
General Manager, A. J. Pernotta.

Head Office
74, Rue St. Lazare, Paris.
Branches in Peking, Tientsin, Shanghai, Hongkong, Saigon, Haiphong and Yunanfou

BANKERS:
In France: Societe Generalle pour Favoriser le Development du Commerce & de l'Industrie en France.
In London: London County and Westminster and Parr's Bank Ltd.
London City & Midland Bank Ltd.
In New-York: Redmond & Co.
In Italy: Banca Commerciale Italiana Credito Italiano

Taels, Dollars, Gold Accounts
Interest allowed on Current Accounts in Gold or Local Currency and fixed deposits on application.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Savings accounts in Gold and Local Currency.

G. LION, Manager.

The Mercantile Bank of India, Ltd.

Subscribed Capital £1,500,000
Paid up Capital 750,000
Reserve Fund 700,000

Head Office, 15 Gracechurch Street, London, E. C.

London Bankers:
London Joint City and Midland Bank, Ltd.

Branches & Agencies.

Bombay	Howrah	Madras
Calcutta	Handy	Penang
Colombo	Karachi	Port Louis
Delhi	Kota Bahru	(Mauritius)
Galle	(Kelantan)	Rangoon
Hongkong	Kuala Lumpur	Shanghai
	Singapore	

Shanghai Branch.
EVERY description of Banking and Exchange business transacted. Interest allowed on Tael Current Accounts at 2 % per annum and an Fixed Deposits at rates which may be ascertained on application.

C. T. BEATH Manager.
26 The Bund.

Resources: Pesos 248,000,000

Philippine National Bank

No. 1 The Bund, Shanghai

Telephone: Central 2741

Head Office: MANILA

BRANCHES:
37 Broadway, New York, and throughout the Philippines.

Correspondents at principal cities in the Orient, United States and Europe.

CHECKING AND SAVING ACCOUNTS: FIXED DEPOSIT

Exchange Bought and Sold
Commercial and Travellers' Letters of Credit
Travellers' Checks

Nederlandsche Handel Maatschappij

(Netherlands Trading Society.)

Established 1824.
Paid-up-Capital—
Guilders 70,000,000 (about £5,833,333)
Reserve Fund—
Guilders 12,760,236 (about £1,063,353)
Head Office: AMSTERDAM.
Head Agency: BATAVIA
Agencies in Holland:
THE HAGUE and ROTTERDAM.

Branches:

Bandjermasin	Medan	Singapore
Bandoeng	Padang	Soerabaya
Cheribon	Palembang	Soerakarta
Djember	Pekalongan	Tebing-Tinggi
Djokjakarta	Penang	Tegal
Hongkong	Pontianak	Telok-Betoe
Kota-Radja	Rangoon	Tjilatjap
Langsa	Semarang	Weltevreden
Makassar		

London Bankers:
National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Ltd.

Correspondents at the principal places in Europe, Asia, Australia and North America.

The Bank buys, sells, and receives for collection bills of exchange, issues letters of credit on its branches and correspondents and transacts banking business of every description.

Shanghai Interest Allowed on current tael accounts and fixed deposits, according to arrangement

H. G. J. WYNBERG

Banking Service with AMERICA —direct and personal

EXPORTERS or importers now engaged in, or thinking of, trade with America would do well to consider not only the special nature of our facilities, but also the personal interest we take in every one of our customers' transactions.

First of all, we offer *direct* banking service—without intermediary dealings, or unnecessary delays.

Equally important is our *personal* service. Every transaction is followed through, both here and in America, by our own representatives with a personal interest, the value of which is evident in the service rendered.

May we talk with you about America?

Central Office in the Far East:
Shanghai
Corner Kiukiang and Kiangse Roads
Other branches in
Hankow—Hongkong—Peking—Tientsin

Asia Banking Corporation
New York
CAPITAL U.S. $2,000,000 SURPLUS U.S. $500,000

STOCKHOLDING BANKS
Anglo and London, Paris National Bank, San Francisco
Bankers' Trust Company, New York City
First National Bank of Portland, Oregon
Guaranty Trust Company of New York
Mercantile Bank of the Americas, New York City
National Bank of Commerce, Seattle, Washington

VESSELS IN HARBOR AND AT WOOSUNG

Date	From	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents
May 12	— San Francisco	Korsnaes	Am.	
May 23	— San Francisco	Wergeland	Am.	S. & Dix.
June 21	— Japan	Taito Maru	Jap.	
		Ralph Moller	Br.	M. & Co.
July 16		Taishin Maru	Jap.	
July 24	— Chinwangtao	Patriot	Br.	K.M.A.
July 25	— Antung	Kweilin	Br.	B. & S.
July 28	—	Lucelic		
July 28	—	Lindsay Moller	Br.	M. & Co.
July 29	— Hongkong	Dacre Castle	Br.	D. & Co.
July 29	— Japan	Pembrokeshire	Br.	G. L. E. A.
Aug. 1	— Japan	Paling Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Aug. 1	— London	Nagoya	Br.	P. & O.S.N. Co.
Aug. 31	—	Tikai Maru	Jap.	
Aug. 3	— River ports	Kiangtung	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Aug. 3	— Hongkong	Hangsang	Br.	J. N. & Co
Aug. 3	— Japan	Deucalion	Br.	B. & S.
Aug. 3	—	Shansi	Br.	B. & S.
Aug. 4	— Hongkong	Sunning	Br.	B. & S.
Aug. 4	— Hongkong	Kwanglee	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Aug. 4	— Hongkong	Sinkiang	Br.	B. & S.
Aug. 4	— Tientsin, ports	Shengking	Br.	B. & S.
Aug. 4	— Chefoo	Toonan	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co
Aug. 4	— Foochow	Ningshin	Chi.	S.P.S.N. Co.
Aug. 4	— Chinwangtao	Hwahkun	Chi.	T.T.S.N. Co.
Aug. 4	— Tientsin	Yusang	Br.	J. M. & Co
Aug. 4	— Newchwang	Kaio Maru	Jap.	
Aug. 4	— Liverpool	Hector	Br.	B. & S.
Aug. 4	— Riverports	Woosung	Br.	B. & S.
Aug. 4	— Riverports	Pengyang Maru	Jap.	N. K. K.
Aug. 4	— Hongkong	Melville Dollar	Br.	R. D. Co.
Aug. 5	— Chinwangtao	Kaiping	Br.	K.M.A.
Aug. 5	— Wenchow	Yungshin	Chi.	N.S.S.N. Co.
Aug. 5	— Foochow	Hsinchi	Chi.	C.M.S.N Co.
Aug. 5	—	Kamyingtat	Chi.	S.P.S.N. Co.
Aug. 5	— Kiukiang	Yushun	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Aug. 5	—		Am.	R. D. Co.
Aug. 5	— River ports	Kiangwah	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Aug. 5	— River ports	Poyang	Br.	B. & S.
Aug. 5	— Newchwang	Shawhsing	Chi.	N.S.S.N. Co.
Aug. 6	— Japan	Adzuma	Jap.	O. S. K.
Aug. 6	— Japan	Kumano Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Aug. 6	— Hongkong	Loksang	Br.	J. M. & Co.
Aug. 6	— Hongkong	Suiyang	Br.	B. & S.
Aug. 6	— Tientsin, ports	Fengtien	Br.	B. & S.
Aug. 6	— Tientsin, ports	Hainfung	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Aug. 6	— Dairen	Kohoku Maru	Jap.	O.S.K.
Aug. 6	— River ports	Kutwo	Br.	J.M. & Co.
Aug. 6	— River ports	Yohyang Maru	Jap.	N.K.K.
Aug. 6	— River ports	Nagasaki Maru	Jap.	S.T. Co.
Aug. 6	— Tsingtau	Rotorua	Chi.	S.P.S.N. Co.
Aug. 6	— Nanking			

Sailed from Shanghai

For San Francisco
Ecuador ..... July 19
Uncas ..... July 24
West Sequana ..... July 24
Stanley Dollar ..... July 28
Cadaretta ..... Aug. 5
For Tacoma
Arabia Maru ..... July 23
For Seattle
Javary ..... July 20
Katori Maru ..... July 23
West Munham ..... July 29
For Vancouver
Empress of Russia ..... July 12
Bessie Dollar ..... July 25
For New York
Eurybates ..... June 14
Egremont Castle ..... June 23
Euryades ..... July 24
Muncaster Castle ..... July 28
For London, etc.
Rhesus ..... June 10
Andes Maru ..... June 22
Idomeneus ..... June 26
Glenmoy ..... June 27
Glenapp ..... June 29
Tamba Maru ..... July 1
Penang Maru ..... July 7
Priam ..... July 12
Mishima Maru ..... July 13
Sado Maru ..... July 21
Meichu Maru ..... July 30
Kitano Maru ..... Aug. 6
Neleus ..... Aug. 6
For Liverpool
Teucer ..... June 26
Tosa Maru ..... July 28
Awa Maru ..... Aug. 1
Tydeus ..... Aug. 4
For Marseilles
Suki Maru ..... June 29
Nera ..... July 16
Liverpool Maru ..... July 24
Saratov ..... Aug. 3
For Port Said
Rynfuku Maru ..... June 27
For Bombay
Dilwara ..... July 23

Financial And Commercial News

Exchange and Bullion

Shanghai, August 6, 1919.
Money And Bullion

Sovereigns: buying rate
@ 5/7=Tls. 3.5821
@ exch. 73.2=Mex. $4.8936
Gold Dollars: Bank buying rate,
@ 122½=Tls. 81.80
@ exch. 73.2=Mex. $111.75
Mex. Dollars Market Rate: 73.0125
S'hai Gold Bars: 978 touch Tls. 205
Copper Cash ..... per tael 1855
Native Interest ..... Tls. .14

Latest London Quotations

Bar Silver ..... 56½d.
Bank Rate of Discount 5%
Ex., Paris on London .... Fr. 31.40
Ex., New York on London T.T.
G. $4.46½d.

Exchange Closing Quotations

London ..... T.T. 5/7
London ..... Demand 5/7½
India ..... Nom. T.T. 319
Paris ..... Nom. T.T. 837
Paris ..... Demand 840
New York ..... T.T. 122
New York ..... Demand 122½
Hongkong ..... T.T. 64½
Japan ..... Nom. T.T. 40½
Batavia ..... T.T. 219½
Singapore ..... T.T. 42½

Bank Buying Rates

London ..... Demand 5/8
London. Nom. 4 m/s. Cdts. 5/9½
London Nom. 4 m/s Docy. 5/9½
London Nom. 6 m/s. Cdts. 5/10
London ..... 6 m/s. Docy. 5/10½
Paris ..... Nom. 4 m/s. 909
New York ..... o/d Docy. 123½
New York ..... 4 m/s. 121½

ROUBLES EXCHANGE

Today's Bank Buying Rate For Roubles

Roubles 5,700 ..... =Tls. 100
Roubles 100 ..... =Mex. $2.25

CUSTOM HOUSE EXCHANGE RATES FOR AUGUST

Hk. Tls.	3.25	@ 5/6½		£1
,,	1	@ 828	mom. Fr.	9.22
,,	0.74	@ 121½	Gold	$1
,,	1	@ 41½	Yen.	2.63
,,	1	@ 15	Rupees	4.62
,,	1	@ —	Roubles	—
,,	1	@ 1.50	Mex.	$1.50

Shanghai Produce & Stock Exchange Transactions

Shanghai, August 6, 1919.
Business Done

Japanese Bond: 5%
Tls. 36.10 Aug.
Tls. 36.70 Sept.
Tls. 37.10 Oct.
Shanghai P. and S. Exchange
Tls. 21.20 Aug.
Japan-China S. and W. Co.
Tls. 26.10 Sept.
Yangtszepoo Cotton Mill
Tls. 15.30 Aug.
Kuhara Mining. (New)
Tls. 23.80 Oct.
Local Yarn:
Water Moon 16's Tls. 197.40 Sept.
Tls. 198.50 Oct.
Water Moon 16/20's
Tls. 208.50 Oct.
Tls. 207.20 Nov.
Tls. 205.00 Dec.
Tls. 203.00 Jan.

The China Mutual Life Insurance Co., Ltd.

Parents should take advantage of the present high rate of exchange to provide for the future education of their children.

Write to us for particulars of our Special Policies, at

10 Canton Road, Shanghai.

TAKE ADVANTAGE OF THE HIGH EXCHANGE

Carry a Gold Dollar Account

WITH

AMERICAN EXPRESS COMPANY

No. 17 Kiukiang Road

Stock Exchange Transactions

Shanghai, August 6, 1919.
TODAY'S QUOTATIONS

Official
Yangtsze Insurance $250.00
Shanghai and Hongkew Wharf
Tls. 103.00 Sept.

Unofficial
Langkats Tls. 21.00 Sept. C.N.I.
Shanghai and Hongkew Wharf
Tls. 102.00
Tls. 103.00 Sept.
Telephones Tls. 74.50
New Engineering Tls. 26.00

Rubber Output

	June	July
Alma	30,000	34,000
Amherst	1,296	—
Anglo-Dutch	67,000	—
Anglo-Java	212,000	—
Ayer Tawah	26,256	31,675
Batu Anam	20,213	—
Bukit Toh-Alang	14,569	14,976
Bute	18,950	19,000
Chempedak	13,500	14,000
Chemor	22,584	—
Cheng	17,110	—
Consolidated	59,635	70,457
Dominion	42,309	—
Gula Kalumpong	125,000	128,000
Java Consolidated	73,000	—
Kamunting	22,744	25,715
Kapala	11,150	—
Kapayang	—	—
Karan	10,770	13,370
Kota Bahroe	33,968	36,406
Kroewoek	40,000	—
Langkat	64,482	81,108
Padang	26,500	27,000
Permata	6,005	—
Pengkalan	—	16,621
Repah	20,000	23,000
Samagaga	25,500	28,250
Semambu	15,482	—
See Kee	—	—
Senawang	31,233	—
Shanghai-Malay	—	—
Shanghai-Seremban	13,900	—
Shanghai-Kelantan	15,500	—
Shanghai-Pahang	19,018	—
Shanghai-Klebang	15,222	15,980
Shanghai-Sumatra	67,150	78,760
Sua Manggis	—	—
Sungala	9,307	12,703
Sungei Duri	26,156	30,474
Taiping	12,300	—
Tanah Merah	27,000	37,000
Tebong	—	83,000
Ulobri	4,847	—
Ziangbe	76,000	—

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AMERICAN DRUG CO.

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SHANGHAI

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LABORATORY: 83, Ward Road Telephone: East 168

U.S. Government Completes Largest Sale Of Steel Ships

Hurley Makes Gold $27,821,120 Deal With American Firms; Imperator To British; Austrian Vessels To Italy

Washington, June 16.—The largest sale of steel ships ever made in the history of the shipping industry was announced by Chairman Edward N. Hurley of the United States Shipping Board today. Within the last day and a half the Shipping Board has sold to seven firms of ship operators nineteen of its new steel ships, at prices ranging from $225 a deadweight ton.

The nineteen ships had a total deadweight tonnage of 128,472 tons and sold for an aggregate of $27,821,120.

More sales at even higher prices are in prospect, Chairman Hurley said. He declined to give the names of the purchasers of the vessels, but said they were well known American shipping firms, and they would probably buy more vessels within the next week or two.

Chairman Hurley disclosed that the German liner Imperator will go to Great Britain under the peace settlement, that between 300,000 and 400,000 tons of German shipping will go to France, and a large part of Austria's merchant fleet in the Adriatic will be given to Italy.

All American Purchasers

The terms of the sales announced today are 40 percent of the purchase price to be paid the first year, 25 percent at the time of purchase. The remaining 60 percent will be cancelled in 15 percent payments in the succeeding four years.

One squadron of six steel ships went to a single operator. Four were sold to another firm, and two each to four other companies. All were purchased by Americans and will fly the American flag.

Twelve of the nineteen ships were of the fabricated type, turned out at the Newark yards of the Submarine Boat Company and at Hog Island.

Only Nation For Spot Delivery

In commenting on the sales, Chairman Hurley said:

"The United States government is the only country in the world today where ships can be sold for spot delivery. The purchasers of these vessels will get immediate possession and will place them in trade routes without delay. The operators who have taken them over are men of vision and experience.

"Today we were in communication with one firm in regard to the sale of forty-two wooden ships of the Ferris type. We have already sold forty-two wooden ships.

"Since we began selling ships a short time ago we have disposed of 332,045 deadweight tons (221,363 gross tons). The total amount of these sales is now $51,856,620."

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Wholesome Breakfast Food;
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Refreshing, Invigorating Beverages;

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CENTRAL 1483

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I. SHAININ & CO.

100 Szechuen Road, Corner Jinkee Road

Exchange Market

Messrs. Maitland and Fearon write as follows in their weekly report:

Exchange.—The last advice of London Silver received yesterday—56½d. is 1¼d. higher than last week. Forward silver is quoted 1d. lower than ready. Our local rate T. T. on London following silver, and influenced by tight money over the end of the month has risen 1d. to 5/7d. A premium of 1d. to 2¼d. has been available for early delivery. In the absence of advice of the London price of silver the market closes quiet.

The stock of sycee and bar silver at Tls. 20,000,000 is about Tls. 700,000 lower than last week. The stock of Chinese and Mexican Dollars $13,130,000 is $120,000 down.

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from your own, or our negatives.

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M. A. MORDUCOVITCH, Manager.

Telephone No. 1478. The Bund

The Ault & Wiborg (Shanghai) Co.

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Litho Inks	Scott Offset Presses
Offset Inks	Scott News Presses
Litho Supplies	Scott Litho Presses
Bronze Powders	U.P.M. Bronzing Machines
Carbon Papers	Seybold Paper Cutters
Typewriter Ribbons	Seybold Embossers
Aniline Dyes	Champion Paper Co.
Dry Colours	
Carbon Blacks	

37 Canton Road, Shanghai.

Hongkong Branch, 19 Ice House, St.

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Our goods are manufactured by the most up-to-date process; our machines are the newest imported from America, and our outputs are supervised by the best EXPERTS.

Any inquiry will have our immediate attention.

Address: 8b Kiangse Road, and Q489 Tientsin Road, Shanghai.

Telephone: Central Nos. 2385 and 4008.

H. C. WANG

General Manager: Tung Hsin Ziang Egg Factories, Hung Yue Chong Egg Factory, Hsin Chong.

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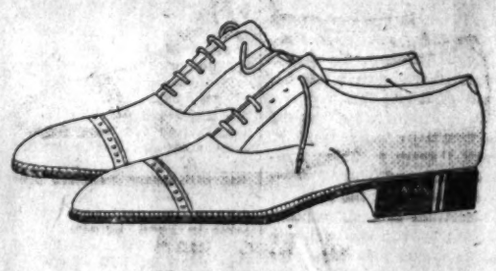

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WEATHER

Easterly breezes in our regions. Rough weather east of the Baltintang Channel.

IMPARTIAL AND PROGRESSIVE

SHANGHAI, AUGUST 7, 1919

The Consortium Again

ON this page yesterday there was reprinted from the Far Eastern Review a closely reasoned and comprehensive statement of the case for the proposed Consortium for the consolidation and internationalisation of all foreign financing in China. It was an authoritative statement, coming from the highest foreign official associated with the organisation of the Consortium. The necessity of making such a statement and the little undercurrents felt in Peking politics from time to time arouse fears for the Consortium. For under cover there is going forward an insidious but powerful propaganda to negate this last hope for China.

For Chinese themselves the Consortium is not a matter of the expediency or inexpediency of a single measure. It is a matter of choice between independence or subjection. For China it is to choose between what hope of salvation the Consortium offers and status as a Japanese colony. That is the root of the issue. Tokio today governs a large part of China. Unless events change their course, it will govern all but a small part of it and that part will be partitioned among other Powers, the whole eventually to be fought for by the great Powers on China itself as the battlefield and with Chinese as the victims as well as the stake.

The Consortium is being opposed underhandedly by the two elements that stand to profit by its defeat: the Japanese concession brokers and the Chinese officials who wax rich on the sale. The object of the Consortium is to end the looting of China's wealth and resources by its officials; it is the officials therefore who are doing all that they dare to do without detection to frustrate the Consortium. Another object is to prevent the conquest of the country by one Power through bribery of the governing clique; it is that Power therefore that is doing all that it dare do without detection to frustrate the Consortium. And both are doing much. They succeeded several months ago in preventing the unification of railways. They threaten to prevent this larger unification.

The last word will be given by the Chinese people themselves, that proportion of them with sufficient knowledge of affairs to understand. And that proportion is not so small as it is traditionally estimated. The furore over Shantung proves that. Yet Shantung is a minor matter by comparison. More of China is now at stake than Shantung; all China hangs in the balance. And it is foolish and futile to raise a clamor over Shantung while remaining supine before the larger issue. Shantung can be restored a dozen times and Japan yet complete its grip on the country if conditions now existing are allowed to prevail. If the amount of energy and enthusiasm now expended on Shantung be directed to making the Consortium a reality those Chinese who have been so successful in creating a public opinion over Shantung will do their country a greater service. Unless such opinion is created and if the question is allowed to be settled by the Anfu Club and its associated despoilers, then the intelligent classes of this country will themselves have contributed to its enslavement. There are not words strong enough to impress this on the Chinese people: that there is before them enslavement and that the Consortium offers the only immediate hope of escaping it.

Poland, Child Of The West

By Joseph Conrad

(*From an article in Collier's*)

This is the first public utterance of the great English novelist, born Joseph Conrad Korzeniowski, upon the hopes and fears of his native land.

Those who died east and west, leaving so much anguish and so much pride behind them, died neither for the creation of states nor for empty words, nor yet the salvation of general ideas. They died neither for democracy, nor leagues, nor systems, and not even for abstract justice, which is an unfathomable mystery. They died for something too deep for words, too mighty for the common standard by which reason measures the advantages of life and death, too sacred for the vain discourses that come and go on the lips of dreamers, fanatics, humanitarians and statesmen.

Poland's independence springs up from that great immolation, but Poland's loyalty will not be rooted in anything so trenchant and burdensome as the sense of immeasurable indebtedness, of that gratitude which in a worldly sense is sometimes called eternal, but which lies always at the mercy of weariness and is fatally condemned by the instability of human sentiment to end in negation. Polish loyalty will be rooted in something much more solid and enduring, something that could never be called eternal, but which is, in fact, life-enduring. It will be rooted in the national temperament, which is about the only thing on earth that can be trusted.

Men may deteriorate, they may improve, too, but they don't change. Misfortune is a hard school, which may either mature or spoil a national character, but it may be reasonably advanced that the long course of adversity of the most cruel kind has not injured the fundamental characteristics of that nation which has proved its vitality against the most demoralising odds. The various phases of the Polish sense of self-preservation struggling among the menacing forces and the no less threatening chaos of the neighboring powers should be judged impartially.

This situation was brought vividly home to me in the course of an argument more than eighteen months ago. "Don't forget," I was told, "that Poland has got to live in contact with Germany and Russia to the end of time. Do you understand the force of that expression: 'to the end of time?' Facts must be taken into account, and especially facts such as this to which there is no possible remedy on earth. For reasons which are, properly speaking, physiological, a prospect of friendship with Germans or Russians, even in the most distant future, is unthinkable. Any alliance of heart and mind would be a monstrous thing, and monsters, as you know, cannot live. You can't base conduct on a monstrous conception.

"Oppression, not merely political but affecting social relations, family life, the deepest affections of human nature, and the very fount of natural emotions, has never made us vengeful. It is worthy of notice that with every incentive present in our emotional reactions we had no recourse to political assassination. Arms in hand, hopelessly or hopefully, and always against immeasurable odds, we did affirm ourselves and the justice of our cause; but 'wild justice' has never been a part of our conception of national manliness. In all the history of Polish oppression there was only one shot fired which was not in battle. Only one! And the man who fired it in Paris at the Emperor Alexander II was but an individual connected with no organisation, representing no part of Polish opinion. The only effect in Poland was that of profound regret, not at the failure, but at the mere fact of the attempt. The history of our captivity is free from that stain; and whatever follies in the eyes of the world we may have perpetrated, we have neither murdered our enemies nor acted treacherously against them, nor yet have been reduced to the point of cursing each other."

I could not gainsay the truth of that discourse. I saw as clearly as my interlocutor the impossibility of the faintest sympathetic bond between Poland and her neighbors ever being formed in the future. The only course that remains to a reconstituted Poland is the elaboration, establishment and preservation of the most correct method of political relations with neighbors to whom Poland's existence is bound to be a humiliation and offense. Calmly considered, it is an appalling task, yet one may put one's trust in that national temperament which is so completely free from aggressiveness and revenge.

Therein lie the foundations of all hope. The success of renewed life for that nation whose fate is to remain in exile, ever isolated from the West among hostile surroundings, depends on the sympathetic understanding of its problems by its distant friends, the Western powers, which in their democratic development must recognise the moral and intellectual kinship of that distant outpost of their type of civilisation, which was the only basis of Polish culture.

Whatever may be the future of Russia and the final organisation of Germany, the old hostility must remain unappeased, the fundamental antagonism must endure for years to come. The Crime of the Partition was committed by autocratic governments, which were the governments of their time; but those governments were characterised in the past, as they will be in the future, by their people's national traits, which remain utterly incompatible with Polish mentality and Polish sentiment.

Both the German submissiveness (idealistic as it may be) and the Russian lawlessness (fed on the corruption of all the virtues) are utterly foreign to the Polish nation, whose qualities and defects are altogether of another kind tending to a certain exaggeration of individualism and, perhaps, to an extreme belief in the governing power of the free assent, the one invariably vital principle in the internal government of the old republic.

There was never a history more free from political bloodshed than the history of the Polish state, which never knew either feudal institutions or feudal quarrels. At the time when heads were falling on the scaffolds all over Europe there was only one political execution in Poland—only one—and as to that there still exists a tradition that the great chancellor who democratised Polish institutions and had to order it in pursuance of his political purpose, could not settle that matter with his conscience till the day of his death.

I can't imagine, in whatever form of democratic government Poland elaborates for itself, that either the nation or its leaders would do anything but welcome the closest scrutiny of their renewed political existence. The difficulty of the problem of that existence will be so great that some errors will be unavoidable, and one may be sure that they will be taken advantage of by its neighbors to discredit that living witness to a great historical crime. If not the actual frontiers, then the moral integrity of the new state is sure to be assailed before the eyes of Europe.

Already there are innuendos, threats, hints thrown out, and even awful ignitances fabricated out of inadequate materials, but it is historically unthinkable that the Poland of the future, with its sacred tradition of Poland and its hereditary sense of respect for the rights of individuals and states, should seek its prosperity in aggressive action or in moral violence against that part of its once fellow citizens who speak Ruthenian or Lithuanian. The only influence that cannot be restrained is simply the influence of time, which disengages truth from all facts with a merciless logic and prevails over passing opinions, the changing impulses of men.

There can be no doubt that the moral impulses and the material interests of the new nationalities which seem to play now the game of disintegration for the benefit of the world's enemies, will in the end bring them nearer to the Poland of this war's creation, will unite them sooner or later by a spontaneous movement toward the state which had adopted and brought them up in the development of its own human culture—the offspring of the West.

The Panorama Of Man

There is a passage in Mr. Wells' new story, "The Undying Fire" which it is interesting to read today, when another record has been achieved by man in the conquest of the Atlantic in less than a day.

"Consider," says Mr. Huss, "the migration of birds across the Mediterranean, and the tragic absurdity of its incidents. Ages ago, and for long ages, there stretched contiguous land connections from Africa to Europe. Then the instinct was formed; the birds flew over land from the heated south to the northern summer to build and breed. Slowly age by age the seas crept over those necks of land. Those linking tracts have been broken now for a hundred thousand years, and yet over a constantly widening sea, in which myriads perish exhausted, instinct, blind and pitiless, still drives those birds. . . .

"Out of the litter of muds and gravels that make the soil of the world we have picked some traces of the past of our race and the past of life. In our observatories and laboratories we have gleaned some hints of its future. We have a vision of the opening of the story, but the first page we cannot read.

"We discover life, a mere stir amidst the mud, creeping along the littoral of warm and shallow seas in the brief nights and days of a swiftly-rotating earth. We follow through vast ages the story of life's extension into the waters, and its invasion of the air and land. Plants creep upon the land and raise themselves by stems towards the sun; a few worms and crustaceans follow, insects appear; and at length come our amphibious ancestors, breathing air by means of a swimming bladder used as a lung. From the first the land animals are patched up creatures. They eke out the fish ear they inherit by means of an ear drum made out of a gill slit. You can trace scale and fin in bone and limb. . . .

"Think of the marvels of the Mesozoic seas; the thousands of various ammonites, the wealth of fish life. Across all that world of life swept death, as the wet fingers of a child wipe a drawing from a slate. They left no descendants. They clambered to a vast variety and complexity and ceased. The dawn of the Eocene was the bleak dawn of a denuded world. . . .

"The world we live in today is a meagre spectacle beside the abundance of the earlier Tertiary time, when Behemoth in a thousand forms, Deinotherium, Titanotherium, Helladotherium, sabretoothed tiger, a hundred sorts of elephant, and the like, pushed through the jungles that are now this mild world of today."

As Edison Sees It

The War Has Advanced Humanity By 250 Years

By Edward Marshall

Here is what Thomas A. Edison thinks of international affairs and of several other vital things, including the labor situation which has been so complicated by the war.

I asked the world-famous thinker if, in his opinion, humanity is likely to slip back as soon as may be out of the immense energisation which the war brought to it.

"I am not sure that war has energised America to any great extent," he answered. "Our energies had been on the ascending scale for years, but it certainly energised Europe, where, outside of mad Germany, energetic action had been on a descending scale. All the European peoples now have learned to do things rapidly, have gained wider vision, and will produce more and larger ideas in the future than they ever had before.

"If it were not for the millions who have been killed and the more numerous millions who must mourn, I should say that this great awakening is worth to Europe the whole cost of the war. In certain ways humanity has advanced through it 250 years in four. Surely this has been true in France, in England, in Italy, in Belgium, and in the Balkans. It has been true to some extent in Japan, but we do not know much of what has happened there.

"While a sufficient majority of men has not reached as yet that stage of civilisation in which the Golden Rule is much in vogue, I think the League of Nations will be a great aid in keeping militarism and its consequent expense within bounds. In any event, it seems better than a combination of three or four large nations, linked by treaties made in the old way, for the reason that these treaties never had a soul. Then were based on self-interest, while, in the League of Nations, the soul is evident, because it includes the weak and helpless nations like Guatemala, Servia, and others, as well as the great and strong.

"But the world will not go right continuously till the man upon the street in every nation achieves a sense of personal responsibility with regard to the affairs of Government. Not only must the higher officials, entrusted with the management of things in whatever way may be the custom of each country, be honest, high minded, and progressive, but they must watch continually and show real forethought.

"There must be as much of the spirit of forecasting in Government as in intelligently conducted business. A great corporation which was as blind to the intentions, even to the performances, of its important business rivals as Great Britain and all the rest of the European Allies were to the plainly evidenced intentions and plain performances of the German Government in the way of preparations for war, would go into financial bankruptcy at express train speed.

"From now on the world will demand better government, and especially government more mentally acute. Democracy is spreading, and the greatest danger lying in democracy is its tendency toward the establishment of huge, inefficient bureaucracy.

"That is what we all must struggle to avoid. We must try to debureaucratise democracy. But, even if we do not, democracy still will be better than autocracy, no matter how that might be modified, for, though inefficient, democracy will leave the people free if they do not sleep on their rights.

"But there are possibilities of efficiency in democracy which never have been realised. The reason for this is that as long as people remain fr and know they have the power of change, they do not mind inefficiencies. Efficiency would astonish them. That is an attitude of mind out of which we must educate ourselves. . . .

"I cannot see that Governments are improving their capacity to manage the affairs of the people. They are not advancing like industry.

"Industry, if freed from the irritating meddling of stupid bureaucracy, will advance with great strides. In the last six years we have made more advances in production by automatic machinery than in the previous twenty years. Imaginative men in all parts of the world are working with ceaseless energy to bring what now are called luxuries within the reach of the man with the hoe—who soon won't have to use a hoe. If this is not interfered with, the present standard of wages can be kept up—in fact, can be advanced. Automatic machinery means high wages. No machinery, as in China, means low wages. Automatic machinery does not throw men out of work, as it appears to at first sight.

"Man has a stomach which holds about 1,400 cubic centimeters of food in bulk. All he possibly can do is to fill it three or four times each day. Therefore the demand for food is always limited to this capacity, but for everything else than food the demand is unlimited. Man will buy everything he has money to buy with.

Automatic machinery cheapens things so that many can buy. If the machinery now is made still more intricate and produces with greater speed, and still further cheapens, there will be an enormous increase in buyers—and so on.

I asked Mr. Edison to express himself in regard to the suggestion generally current that a working arrangement in international affairs between England and America would be a useful thing.

"I don't think we need a formal understanding between England and America," he answered, "although I don't see that any harm could come from one. Both England and America keep their word. A formal treaty would weaken their relationships. Pierpont Morgan's word was always better than his bond, as the wording of the latter might be questioned by lawyers.

"England need not worry about what America would do in some future contingency. If we went across the sea to fight for humanity without possibility of gain once, then, under like conditions, we would do the same again without treaties or any League of Nations. There is no doubt about this, because moral principles control men's actions more and more as the world grows older."

"Mr. Edison, what have you to say about the statements common in Europe that the American's whole life is devoted to the chase of the almighty dollar?" I inquired.

"I think this war has put a kink in that old theory," he answered. "Many Europeans now see things in a different light.

"I went through Europe in an automobile not long before the war. I there found more enthusiasm in pursuit of money than I ever saw in the United States. This was true of Germany and somewhat of France. Even the Englishman is an able money chaser, but not an objectionable one.

"The acquisition of wealth in America is at present the only way by which men can prove their ability. The total of their fortunes indicates the measure of their success, but the majority of Americans care nothing for money after they have proved their ability by its acquirement. They give it away in every direction in countless millions.

"In Europe, men have other means of distinguishing themselves—social prominence, titles, honors of all kinds. The poor American can do nothing but acquire money—consequently America will never be a dead nation."

Capital And Labor

I asked Mr. Edison to say something about the general relationship between capital and labor.

"The thought that there is really the slightest justification for antagonism between capital and labor is the foolish reason at the bottom of all troubles," he replied. "As a matter of fact, the interests of capital and labor are identical and in America this, more and more generally, is being acknowledged.

"Mean men sometimes control capital, and they get their names into the papers and their methods into the minds of working men in general. But they are no more representative of American employers than the I.W.W. is representative of American workers. Often they have brought about justifiable antagonism on the part of working men.

I asked Mr. Edison if he approved the international labor program as outlined by Mr. Gompers for submission to the Peace Conference, and he said he did.

He added that he saw no reason to believe that the adoption of the program would cause embarrassment to manufacturing, and that he would fully endorse labor's stand in connection with the Nine Points.

"The international consideration of labor problems is to be encouraged," Mr. Edison went on. "We cannot have too many international committees. The world becomes smaller every time an international committee is organised and begins to work intelligently, and it will be easier to run a small world well than it has been in the past to run a big world well."

And now Mr. Edison branched into a hint of wonderful things ere long coming in electrical develop-

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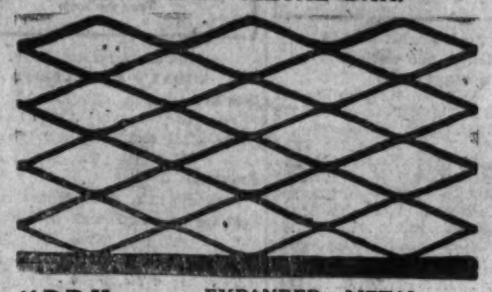

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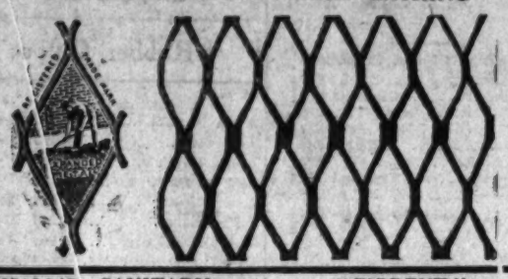

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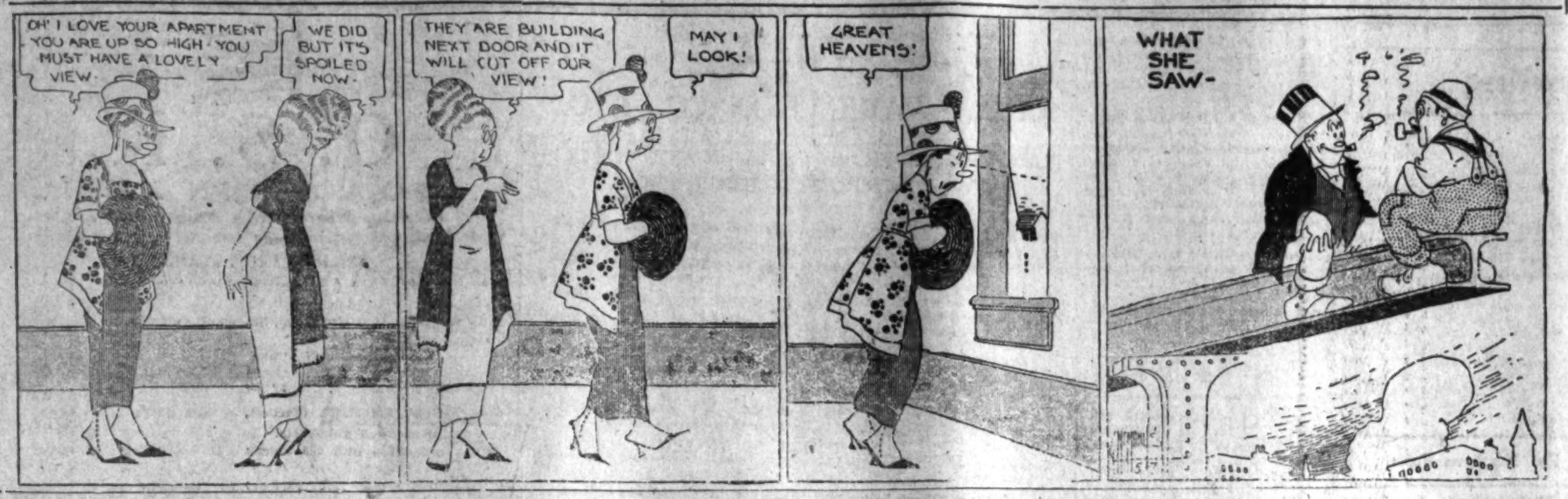
Bringing Up Father — By George McManus


OH! I LOVE YOUR APARTMENT YOU ARE UP SO HIGH - YOU MUST HAVE A LOVELY VIEW.
WE DID BUT IT'S SPOILED NOW.
THEY ARE BUILDING NEXT DOOR AND IT WILL CUT OFF OUR VIEW!
MAY I LOOK!
GREAT HEAVENS!
WHAT SHE SAW-

Is A Bird A Reptile With Feathers?

Zoologists agree that birds and reptiles are closely related. In past ages there were huge flying reptiles, and these are often regarded as on their way to become birds. The fundamental difference between a bird and a reptile is not any difference of outer appearance, such as beak or single-arched skull and a reptile a double-arched one. If birds had reptile ancestors, these two arches must have coalesced into one at some time. Some authorities believe, however, that birds and reptiles are related only collaterally. They had, in other words, common ancestors, although no ancestor of the birds would be classed as a reptile by modern zoologists. Whichever the truth may be, this difference of opinion, writes Dr. W. H. Ballou in The Scientific American, has certainly developed some interesting facts about flying reptiles. In an article headed "A Question of Identity," he writes:

"It requires no stretch of imagination to regard birds as somewhat modified feathered reptiles, as they are termed by Pycraft, since reptiles have always existed in one form or another and probably always will exist. One of the last admissions of the late Prof. S. W. Williston, the great reptile paleontologist, was that it is a misnomer to regard the earlier amphibians as other than reptiles. Amphibians simply represented a more primitive age, requiring certain modifications as food-conditions changed. Whatever change has taken place in the structure and appearance of animals during the ages has been due to changes in food-conditions. There is nothing else that so induces change as hunger, even in modern political life. As the flying reptiles largely went into the air for larger and better food areas, their blood heated and feathers rapidly evolved from scales through friction or opposition of air in flight. Other reptiles still endure whose forefathers were either companions of the early amphibians or closely followed them. The turtle, the crocodile, the lizard, the serpent, etc., are still doing duty at the old stands, and some of them catch birds when they alight today just as they did flying reptiles some millions of years ago when they came down to earth. The wise turtles, crocodiles, lizards, and serpents see no need for much change in their own structure. They go right on eating every other living creature which has improved its condition by specialisations, content so long as the flesh remains juicy and satisfying."

There is nothing exciting about flight, Dr. Ballou assures us. Insects perfected it 25,000,000 or more years ago—just as soon as the trilobite, one of the first animals, could get used to life out of water and mount on wings. His descendants, the dragonflies, still have to be born from eggs in water, and the young remain there four years. The flying-fish gathers speed in the water, rises to the surface, and gracefully flies. The frog expands the webs of his hind feet, and sails down out of trees. The lizard stretches out his skin-covered ribs and volplanes out of tree-tops. The bat, a mammal, with featherless wings made out of his forefingers, flies as well and as far as almost any bird. Dr. Ballou goes on:

Pterodactyls, as primitive fliers, were just as agile in flight and just as varied in size and form as their specialised successors, the feathered birds, today. Some of them were species no larger than sparrows, others ranged up to spreads of wing greater than that of the albatross. While the pterodactyls had teeth, the American pteranodon had a horn-shell beak, although one not differing chemically from those of some birds of today, and a spread of wing in some cases reaching twenty feet. Some of the flying reptiles alighted on their feet precisely as birds do. They walked with folded wings the same as birds do, although some species are alleged, by dropping the wings with the forehands to the ground, to have walked on four feet like quadrupeds. As to numbers, the pterodactyls were as prolific as the mind can conceive. Vast rock strata in Germany and England are crowded with their bones, where they perished presumably through the drying up of the waters and their stupidity in not knowing enough to migrate by wing to new regions. Possibly the majority of them were water reptiles from which our water birds may have arisen. The penguin, for instance, which flies only under water, is but a slightly modified pterodactyl; the latter also used its wings for underwater locomotion.

"Seeley says that 'pterodactyls might have lived like seabirds or in colonies like penguins.' In fact four genera of pterodactyls were as bereft of tail as the penguin. Furthermore, pterodactyls had pneumatic bones, for the admission of air, just like water-birds and other types today. Very likely, some of the small species had no such air-passages; for, equally, some small birds of today have none. Pneumatic bones predicate a four-chambered heart, common to birds and mammals, and hence warm blood. For that matter we have warm-blooded fishes, such as the giant mackerel and the flying-fish. Even the crocodile has a four-chambered heart. In consequence, it may well be assumed that there were both warm and cold-blooded flying reptiles, the alternative depending largely upon the activities of an animal. The feet of the pterodactyls were distinctly reptilian. It is particularly in this respect that birds, during 5,000,000 years, have specialised to better types. Williston accounted for this by assuming that the pterodactyl foot was used solely for flight and never for walking. His premise, however, was not well supported by his evidence. He described the Kansas pteronodon, a beaked flying reptile, as having a head three feet long, a stretch of wing of some twenty feet, and a weight of only twenty pounds. If a bulky ostrich can run faster than a horse on two slender toes, certainly a gigantic pteranodon, weighing only twenty pounds, could easily walk on weak toes with rudimentary claws and a free-moving femur, 'giving great freedom of movement to the hind legs.'"

The difficulty of telling birds from reptiles when we have only their fossil remains to go by is still further complicated by other puzzling resemblances, which Dr. Ballou sketches as follows:

"Flying reptiles and birds have practically identical shoulder girdles, keeled sternum (breast-bone), and forelimb bones. The flying reptile Rhamphorynchus and the fossil bird Archaeopteryx each had long forearm bones, with hands terminating in three sharp claws and identical long tails. The fossil bird, so called, Ichthyornis victor, from the Cretaceous beds of Niobrara, Kan., had the small, elongate brain of a flying reptile and the same, sharp-pointed, recurved teeth. Like other species of fossil birds collected there by Marsh, of Yale College, he was not only associated in life with pterodactyls, but might have been a modification of one on the spot, as it were. Marsh collected thousands of bones, in the Niobrara beds, of flying reptiles, and so-called fossil-toothed birds, many of which to this day remain unsorted, men of science having been unable to tell which is which. Of course, in classification, we must distinguish as birds those which we know have feathers, but the trouble is that we do not know that all of the many species of flying reptiles were featherless. Scientists dodge the vital question by placing flying reptiles on two lines, very close together, coming up from a common stem, or common ancestor.

"A man is as he thinks, and thinking is a function of the brain. If a bird has a reptile brain, it must think largely in the terms of a reptile. In the sense that clothes make the man, feathers make the bird. Hence, the bird is merely a flying reptile, feathered more or less according to species. Man has a little of the reptile structure left in him, but a bird has little else. Feathers, then, merely conceal the reptile. When Robin Redbreast lifts up his head and pours out his morning song, the brain that guides it is almost identical with that of the young alligator, which, while it can not sing, says and roars pretty loudly. Mrs. Robin lays an egg and so does Mrs. Alligator."

Man Made Beautiful—A Sigh For A Male Fashion Page

By Howel Evans
(From London Daily Sketch)

I don't see why men shouldn't have a special fashion number.

Man wants guidance in dress as well as woman. Or perhaps more so.

To be paradoxical, if a woman were a man she would never wear a white slip with a blue suit and a red tie.

But a man does. And then wonders why a stockbroker turns down his personal application for a managership at £1,000 a year.

Years ago there was a journal which I miss sadly. It used to run a column or two headed "Men's Wear, and What not to Wear."

This column was edited by a stern and fatherly person who used to dismiss the inquirer wisely and briefly in a few lines, and sometimes, too, with a touch of sarcasm. He would indite answers to correspondents like this:

Love In Rags

James.—Evening dress always at the opera. Unless, of course, you are a scene-shifter.

George and others.—No. We cannot recommend a good manual on the art of tying dress ties.

To this day I remember how he seared my young soul by answering:

Earnest Lover.—The true gentleman and lover would never meet his lady-love (he spelt it like that) in patched patents. Sooner would she see him in rags and bare foot.

But what I am wanting to get at is this.

Mere man cannot, I suppose, aspire yet to a whole number devoted to his fashions. But now and again surely there might be dodged in a photograph of the latest sock or the newest hat brim and the way it curls; and the latest style of trousering would certainly be useful to many.

In common with thousands who are saving up for a fourteen-guinea suit, I yearn to know whether trousers are to be P.T.U. (Permanent Turn Up) or P.F.F. (Plain Full Fall).

There have also been dark rumors of a revival of the frock coat. This, of course, may have been put about by second-hand dealers.

Yet many an anxious man who still has his wedding garment of years lang syne is hoping it may be true.

Properly treated, the frock coat might be made a thing of dignity.

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GENERAL SHIPPING NEWS

Vessels Loading

For River Ports

HANNKOW & PORTS.—The Str. Kwangwah, Captain John McArthur, will leave on Thursday night. For Freight or Passage apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China Steam Navigation Co.'s Str. Kutwo, 2,664 tons, Captain Glob, will sail for the above-mentioned ports from Hunts Wharf on Thursday, August 7, about midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd., General Managers. Passengers Tel. No. 240. Freight Tel. No. 250.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China Steam Navigation Co.'s Str. Tuckwo, 3,770 tons, Captain Campbell, will sail for the above-mentioned ports from Hunts Wharf on Friday, August 8, about midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd., General Managers. Passengers Tel. No. 240. Freight Tel. No. 250.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Co.'s Steamer Yohyang Maru, Captain Y. Ikeda, will be despatched from N.K.K. Pootung Wharf on Friday, August 8, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight and Passage apply to THE NISSHIN KISEN KAISHA. No. 5 The Bund.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Poyang, Captain Carnaghan, will leave from the French Bund on Friday, August 8, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Ngankin, Captain H. A. Wavell, will leave from the French Bund on Saturday, August 9, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Co.'s Steamer Siangyang Maru, Captain J. A. Scott, will be despatched from N.Y.K. Mail Wharf on Saturday, August 9, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight and Passage apply to THE NISSHIN KISEN KAISHA. No. 5 The Bund.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Co.'s Steamer Tachang Maru, Captain Y. Tanichchi, will be despatched from N.K.K. Pootung Wharf on Monday, August 11, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight and Passage apply to THE NISSHIN KISEN KAISHA. No. 5 The Bund.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China Steam Navigation Co.'s Chartered Str. Hwahlee, 1,151 tons, Captain Lee, will sail for the above-mentioned ports from Hunts Wharf on Monday, August 11, about midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd., General Managers. Passengers Tel. No. 240. Freight Tel. No. 250.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China Steam Navigation Co.'s Str. Loongwo, 3,925, tons, Captain Findelson, will sail for the above-mentioned ports from Hunts Wharf on Tuesday, August 12, about midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd., General Managers. Passengers Tel. No. 240. Freight Tel. No. 250.

For Southern Ports

NINGPO.—The Str. Kiangteen, Captain D. D. Ross, will leave on Thursday afternoon at 4 p.m. For Freight or Passage apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

AMOY.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Sunning, Captain W. Benson, will leave from the French Bund on Thursday, August 7, at 7 a.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

TAKAO (FORMOSA) via FOOCHOW & KEELUNG.—The Steamer Kohoku Maru, Captain M. Tsukaki, will be despatched from the Co.'s Yangtszepoo Wharf on Thursday, August 7, at ——— The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the jetty in front of the Nisshin Kisen Kaisha at ——— on the same day. For Freight and Passage, please apply to THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA. No. 4 The Bund. Tel. No. 4234 & 4235.

AMOY, HONGKONG & CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Suiyang, Captain J. Gibbs, will leave from the French Bund direct for the above ports on Friday, August 8, at daylight. For Freight or Passage apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HONGKONG & CANTON.—The Str. Kwangtee, Capt. A. P. Sangster, will leave on Friday morning. For Freight or Passage apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

FOOCHOW.—The Str. Hsinchi, Captain J. Boaman, will leave on Friday morning. For Freight or Passage appy to C.M.S.N. Co.

Ningpo:—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Hsin Peking, Captain A. Stott R. N. R., will leave from the French Bund on Friday, August 8, at 5:45 p.m. For Freight or Passage apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77. Passage Tel. No. 401.

SWATOW, HONGKONG & CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Yingchow, Captain E. B. Simons, will leave from the French Bund on Tuesday, August 12, at ——— For Freight or Passage, apply BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77. Passage Tel. No. 401.

HONGKONG.—The Str. Canada Maru, Captain T. Nemoto, will be despatched from the Co.'s Yangtszepoo Wharf on August 19, at ——— The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the Custom jetty at ——— on the same day. For Freight and Passage, please apply to THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. Central No. 4234 & 4235.

For Northern Ports

TIENTSIN DIRECT.—The K.M.A. Str. Kwangping, will despatch on Aug. 7. For Freight or Passage, apply to Agent. No. 1. Jinkee Road, Tel. Central 1115.

WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO & TIENTSIN.—The Chin Navigation Co.'s Steamer Shengking, Captain K. E. Tuebben, will leave from the Watung Wharf on Thursday, August 7, at 10 a.m. The tender conveying passengers to this steamer wil leave the Customs Jetty at 9:30 a.m. on Thursday morning. For Freight or Passage, apply, to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

CHEFOO & NEWCHWANG.—The Str. Tonnan, Captain C. Taylor, will leave on Friday morning. For Freight or Passage apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

ANTUNG.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Kweilin, Captain McDowell, will leave on Friday, August 8, at 8 a.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents. Tel. No. 77.

CHINWANGTAO DIRECT.—The Kailan Mining Administration, S.S. Kaiping, on August 8. For Freight or Passage, apply to Agent, No. 1, Jinkee Road, Tel. Central 1115.

CHEFOO & TIENTSIN.—The Str Yushun, Captain W. R. Wallace, will leave on Saturday morning. For Freight or Passage apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO & TIENTSIN.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Fengtien, Captain McIntosh, will leave from the French Bund on Saturday, August 9, at 10 a.m. For Freight or Passage apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Te. No. 401.

TSINGTAO.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Kwangse, Captain W. McDonald, will leave on Tuesday, August 12, at ——— For Freight or Passage, apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents. Tel. No. 77.

For Foreign Ports

LONDON via HONGKONG, SINGAPORE, COLOMBO, PORTSAID MARSEILLES & ANTWERP.—The Steamer Amazon Maru, Captain A. Kobayashi, will be despatched from the Co.'s No. 9 Buoy on August 8. For Freight please apply to THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. Central No. 4234 & 4235.

TACOMA & SEATTLE CALLING at VICTORIA B. C. via NAGASAKI, KOBE, YOKKAICHI, SHIMIDZU & YOKOHAMA.—The Osaka Shosen Kaisha's Steamer Africa Maru, Captain H. Yamanoto, will be despatched on Saturday, August 23. Through Bills of Lading are granted for American ports and overland points connecting with the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway Co., at Seattle and Tacoma. Consular Invoices must accompany overland shipment. The steam-alunch conveying passengers on board will leave the Custom's Jetty at ——— For Freight or Passage, please apply to THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. No. 4234 & 4235.

LONDON via HONGKONG, SINGAPORE, COLOMBO, PORTSAID MARSEILLES & ANTWERP.—The Steamer Altai Maru, Captain T. Fuchigami, will be despatched from the Co.'s No. 9 Buoy on August 24. For Freight please apply to THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. Central No. 4234 & 4235.

THE CHINA PRESS MAIL SCHEDULE

THURSDAY, AUGUST 7, 1919

Date and Destination	Per	Chi.	Br.	USA	Rus.	Jap.	Reg.
Today.							
River Ports	Train & Str.	22.00	..	..	..	..	22.00
Weihaiwei and Chefoo	Shengking	9.00	..	..	..	..	8.30
Weihaiwei, Chefoo & Tientsin	do	..	9.00	..	..	..	..
Vladivostok and Siberia	Via P. & H.	17.00	..	..	..	..	17.00
Chefoo	Yusang	9.00	..	..	..	..	8.30
Chefoo and Tientsin	do	..	9.00	..	..	..	..
Foochow	Hsinchi	22.00	..	..	..	..	22.00
Swatow, Hongkong & Canton	Hangsang	9.00	..	..	..	..	8.30
Swatow and Hongkong	do	..	9.00	..	..	..	..
Chefoo	Toonan	22.00	..	..	..	..	22.00
Amoy, Hongkong & Canton	Suiyang	22.00	..	..	..	..	22.00
Hongkong and Canton	Kashima M.	17.30	..	..	..	..	17.00
Hongkong	do	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Hongkong and Canton	Kwangtee	22.00	..	..	..	..	22.00
Foochow	Hsinchi	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Hongkong	Kashima M.	..	18.00	..	..	..	18.00
V'stock and Siberia via Pukow and Harbin (Daily expect Sunday)	Train	..	..	..	17.00	..	17.00
Ningpo	Kiangteen	..	15.00	..	..	..	..
Tientsin	Train	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Hankow	Train	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Vladivostok	Train	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Tomorrow.							
N'saki, Kobe, Y'hama, Canada, USA & Europe, via Canada	E. of Asia	..	17.00	..	..	..	17.00
River Ports	Train & Str.	22.00	..	..	..	..	22.00
Vladivostok and Siberia	Via P. & H.	17.00	..	..	..	..	17.00
Hongkong and Canton	Montcalm	9.00	..	..	..	..	8.30
Hongkong	do	..	9.00	..	..	..	..
Japan, Canada, U.S.A. & E'pe	E. of Asia	15.00	..	..	..	..	14.30
Japan Ports	*Kumano M.	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Saturday, August 9.							
Weihaiwei and Chefoo	Fengtien	9.00	..	..	..	..	8.30
Japan & America	Kumano M.	23.30	..	..	..	..	..
River Ports	Train & Str.	22.00	..	..	..	..	22.00
Japan & America	Iyo Maru	19.30	..	..	..	..	19.00
Weihaiwei, Chefoo & Tientsin	Fengtien	..	9.00	..	..	..	..
United Kingdom, via Suez	..	..	14.00	..	..	..	..
Japan Ports	Yamashiro M.	..	17.00	..	..	..	16.00
Japan & America, via Moji	Kumano M.	..	..	..	..	9.00	..
Sunday, August 10.							
Weihaiwei and Chefoo	Koonshing	13.30	..	..	..	..	13.00
Weihaiwei, Chefoo & Tientsin	do	..	13.30	..	..	..	..
Swatow, Hongkong & Canton	Wosang	9.00	..	..	..	..	8.30
Swatow and Hongkong	do	..	9.00	..	..	..	..
Japan Ports	Yamashiro M.	23.30	..	..	..	..	..
Japan & America, via N'saki	do	..	..	..	..	9.00	..

† Parcels only.
B Letters and boxes with declared value 7.30; parcel post 5 p.m.
E and money orders 4 p.m. Registered articles 5 p.m. on previous day.

The Chinese Post office will close two mails daily for Tsingtao, Tientsin, Peking, etc.

a.—at 21 for S. N. R. 23 o'clock train
b.—at † for S. N. R. 7:55 o'clock train

Mails closed by 7:55 train should reach Tientsin only 46 minutes later than those closed for the previous night's train.

Departures

Date	For	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents
Aug. 6	River ports	Changon	Chi.	H.O.S.S. Co.
Aug. 6	River ports	Klangwo	Br.	J.M. & Co.
Aug. 6	River ports	Suiyang Maru	Jap.	N.K.K.
Aug. 6	Hongkong & Canton	Hsintah	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Aug. 6	Newchwang	Irene	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Aug. 6	San Francisco	Cadaretta	Am.	R.D. Co.
Aug. 6	Tientsin, ports	Keelung Maru	Jap.	O. S. K.
Aug. 6	London	Kansas	Br.	J. M. & Co.
Aug. 6	Japan	Chi Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Aug. 6	Cruise	Liuhsing	Chi.	Customs
Aug. 6	Cruise	Chuentiao	Chi.	Customs
Aug. 6	Ninpo	Hsin Peking	Br.	B. & S.
Aug. 6	Ninpo	Hsin Ningshao	Chi.	N.S.S.N. Co.

C. N. C.
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The steamers Wuchang and Chungking are specially fitted to handle heavy lifts, etc., but have no accommodation for Foreign passengers.
Regular sailings every Tuesday, Wednesday, Friday and Saturday and every third Monday and Thursday.

For WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO and TIENTSIN (and Peking via TIENTSIN).—S.S. Tungchow, Fengtien, Shuntien and Shengking.—Sailing from the French Bund.
Regular sailings every Tuesday and Saturday and every alternate Thursday.

For AMOY, SWATOW, HONGKONG and CANTON.—S.S. Suiyang, Sunning, Sinkiang, Yingchow, Shuntien and Kaifong.—Sailing from the French Bund. Weekly service every Thursday to Amoy and every Sunday to Swatow. Connections at Hongkong with service to Philippines and Australian ports will be advised upon application.
Regular sailings every Tuesday, Thursday and Sunday mornings.

For NINGPO—S.S. Hsin Peking.—Sailing from the French Bund.
Regular sailings every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 4.30 p.m.

The above steamers have Electric Light throughout and are fitted with Electric Fans and Steam Heaters in State Rooms and Dining Saloons, and are otherwise completely equipped for the comfort and convenience of passengers.

For further particulars regarding Sailings, Passage Rates, etc., see "THE TAIKOO SHIPPING GAZETTE" obtainable from the undersigned, or from The International Sleeping Car and Express Trains Co. (Astor House), or from Messrs. Thomas Cook and Son, Russo-Asiatic Bank Buildings, 16 The Bund.

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For San Francisco via Kobe, Yokohama and Honolulu		For Hongkong via Manila	
*S.S. West Conab	Aug. —	*S.S. West Vaca	Aug. —
S.S. Colombia	Aug. 16	S.S. Venezuela	Aug. 23
*S.S. West Vaca	Sept. —	*S.S. West Sequana	Sept. —
S.S. Venezuela	Sept. 13	S.S. Ecuador	Sept. 20

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Tel. Central 181

MEN OF WAR IN PORT

Section	Date	From	Name	Flag and Rating
WTW	———	[illegible]	Snipe	Br. gun-boat
O D W	———	[illegible]	Nightingale	Br. gun-boat
B N B	June 19	[illegible]	Kinsha	Br. gun-boat
O D W	July 15	[illegible]	Woodlark	Br. gun-boat
P. & O. B. I.	———	[illegible]	Novaki	Jap. destroyer
7 P.	July 26	[illegible]	Monocacy	Am. gun-boat
1 C.	July 30	[illegible]	Albany	Am. cruiser

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(Subject to Alteration)

FOR LONDON (Via Hongkong, Singapore, Colombo, Portsaid, Marseilles and Antwerp).

	Tons	Capt.	Arrive	Leave
*AMAZON MARU	18,000	A. Kobayashi,	Aug. 5	Aug. 8
*ALTAI MARU	18,000	D. Fuchigami,	Aug. 20	Aug. 24

FOR NORTH AMERICA (Tacoma, Seattle and Vancouver) via Nagasaki, Kobe, and Yokohama.
In connection with the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Ry.

	Tons	Capt.	Arrive	Leave.
AFRICA MARU	18,000	H. Yamamoto,	Aug. 22	Aug. 23

FOR HONGKONG

	Tons	Capt.	Arrive	Leave
[illegible]				

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(ORIENTAL STEAMSHIP CO.)
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S.S. "CHINA" ..... SEP. 14th
*S.S. "NANKING" does not call at NAGASAKI
FOR HONGKONG DIRECT
*S.S. "NANKING" ..... AUGUST 7th
S.S. "CHINA" ..... AUGUST 31ts
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For Hongkong, Singapore, Penang, Colombo, Suez, Port Said and England:

	Tons		
INABA MARU	12,500	Capt. U. Tanaka,	Aug. 18
KAMO MARU	16,000	Capt. M. Makamara,	Sept. 1

AMERICAN LINE

Via Pacific, calling at Hongkong, Manila, Shanghai, Nagasaki, Kobe, Yokohama, Victoria, B. C., and Seattle, Washington.

KASHIMA MARU	19,000	Capt. M. Machida,	Sept. 1

SHANGHAI-YOKOHAMA LINE (Via Nagasaki, Moji and Kobe.)

YAMASHIRO MARU ..	7,000	Capt. I. Nakajima,	Aug. 10
CHIKUGO MARU	5,500	Capt. Y. Yoshida,	Aug. 12
KASUGA MARU	7,000	Capt. T. Sekine,	Aug. 19

MOJI, KOBE AND OSAKA LINE

KUMANO MARU	9,500	Capt. T. Sasaki,	Aug. 9
TAKESHIMA MARU ..	4,500	Capt. R. Arakida	Aug. 13
YAWATA MARU	7,000	Capt. H. Nojiri,	Aug. 15
OMI MARU	7,000	Capt. S. Yamamoto,	Aug. 20

FOR JAPAN

IYO MARU	12,500	Capt. K. Asakawa,	Aug. 10

FOR HONGKONG

KASHIMA MARU	19,000	Capt. M. Naduda,	Aug. 8

FOR MANILA AND HONGKONG

FUSHIMI MARU	21,000	Capt. T. Irisawa,	Aug. 31

AUSTRALIAN LINE

Regular Four-Weekly Service between Japan ports and Australia (calling at Hongkong and Manila).

AKI MARU	12,500	Capt. F. C. Cope,	August 20
TANGO MARU	14,000	Capt. M. Nishimura,	Sept. 24
NIKKO MARU	10,000	Capt. G. Yamazaki,	Oct. 22

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Regular Fortnightly Service between Yokohama and Calcutta (calling at Shanghai on homeward voyage).

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Regular Fortnightly Service between Kobe and Bombay (calling at Shanghai on homeward voyage).

The Company also runs numerous steamers from Japan to China and Korean ports and Vladivostok, and also between the principal ports in Japan.

For freight, passage and further information apply to
T. IBUKIYAMA, Manager, Nippon Yusen Kaisha.
Tel. Address: Yusen, Shanghai.

CHINESE GOVERNEMENT RAILWAYS

TIENTSIN-PUKOW LINE

TIME TABLE

(Published by order of the Administration)

March 15th, 1919, and until further notice

Mail 101.	Mail 3.		Miles	Peking-Mukden Line			Mail 4.	
20.35	8.35		0	dep.	Peking	arr.	19.50	
23.45	11.12		. .	arr.	Tientsin-Central	dep.	17.00	
23.50	11.17		84	dep.	Tientsin-Central	arr.	16.53	
24.00	11.25		. .	arr.	Tientsin-East	dep.	16.45	
19.35	. .		524	arr.	Mukden	dep.	. .	

Local 5.	Mail 3.	Exp. 1.		Tientsin-Pukow Line			Exp. 2.	Mail 4.	Local 6.
6.45	9.45	11.30	0	dep.	Tientsin-East	arr.	17.05	15.45	20.15
6.55	9.55	11.40	2.71	arr.	Tientsin-Central	dep.	16 55	15.35	20.05
7.25	10.15	11.55		dep.	Tientsin-Central	arr.	16.31	15.20	19.45
13.02	16.00	15.30	78	dep.	Tsangchow	dep.	13.05	11.28	15.28
16.40	19.20	18.08	148	dep.	Techow	dep.	10.33	8.47	11.56
19.57	22.12	20.21	—	arr.	Tsinanfu	dep.	8.06	6.00	8.30
7.	‡		220		‡				8.
6.00	22.25	20.31	—	dep.	Tsinanfu	arr.	7.56	5.40	19.02
9.27	1.00	22.31	266	dep.	Taianfu	dep.	6.01	3.25	16.24
12.27	3.47	0.38	318	arr.	Yenchowfu	dep.	3.49	0.40	13.00
12.47	4.02	0.48	377	dep.	Yenchowfu	arr.	3.39	0.02	12.48
16.30	6.55	3.16		dep.	Linchang	dep.	1.20	21.24	9.25
19.02	8.45	4.50	—	arr.	Hsuchowfu	dep.	23.36	19.20	6.30
9.	‡		420		‡				10.
5.40	9.00	4.57	—	dep.	Hsuchowfu	arr.	23.29	19.00	20.50
11.26	13.02	8.38	523	arr.	Pengpu	dep.	19.53	14.55	15.20
11.51	13.20	8.40		dep.	Pengpu	arr.	19.46	14.35	14.09
18.27	17.34	11.52	600	dep.	Chuchow	dep.	16.48	10.50	8.27
20.08	18.55	13.00	681	arr.	Pukow	dep.	15.30	9.20	6.40

N. Exp.	Exp.		Shanghai-Nanking Line			Exp.	N. Exp.
23.00	14.20	0	dep.	Nanking-Ferry	arr.	14.15	6.50
7.00	21.00	193	arr.	Shanghai-North	dep.	7.55	23.00

Yenchowfu-Tsiningchow Branch Line					Lincheng-Tsochuang Branch Line						
13.10	4.10	d. Yenchowfu a.	12.08	23.53	21.30	16.40	9.30	d. Lincheng a.	6.28	15.50	21.00
14.03	5.05	a. Tsiningchow d.	11.15	23.00	22.40	17.50	10.40	a. Tsochuang d.	5.15	14.40	19.50

The station for the foreign concessions in Tientsin is "TIENTSIN-EAST"

The T. P. L. Express Trains are provided with 1st and 2nd class Sleeping, Dining accommodations and 3rd class cars only for 3rd class Through Passengers and servants accompanying 1st and 2nd class passengers.

Passengers travelling on the T. P. L. Express Trains must hold Express Extra Tickets in addition to passenger tickets. Application for Sleeping Accommodation should be made at the earliest possible moment to the Traffic Manager at Tientsin, or to the Traffic Inspectors at Tientsin, Tsinanfu, Hsuchowfu or Pukow.

By Order
THE TRAFFIC MANAGER.

Tientsin, March, 1919.

Large Display Advertisements
intended for the Sunday issue of The China Press
should be sent in before 5 p.m. on Friday.

BUSINESS AND OFFICIAL NOTICES

(Continued from Page 7)

The Yangtsze Insurance Association, Limited

NOTICE.

A circular letter has been posted to all shareholders informing them that the recently declared bonus of $40 per share has been applied in payment of the call of $40 per share made on the same date.

All shares of the Association are now fully paid up and shareholders are requested to send their share certificates to the Association's Head Office, No. 26, The Bund, Shanghai, so that they may be endorsed to that effect.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
T. A. CLARK,
Secretary.

Shanghai, 31st July, 1919.

24740

WHARFAGE & STORAGE RATES

On and after September 1st an increase of 15% on the existing Wharfage, Landing, and Storage rates will be charged, excepting for those goods for which Landing Accounts have been issued.

All rebates hitherto allowed will be withdrawn after August 31st, excepting on existing contracts made in writing and still in force at that date.

At the Pootung Wharves a rebate of 7½% will be granted on the Receiving, Storing, and Delivery charges.

Revised tariffs for Wharfage, Landing, and the Storage charges are being drawn up, and will be published in early November, the new tariffs coming into force as from January 1st, 1920.

Changkahpang Wharves. The Mitsubishi Co.
China Merchants' Wharves.
Holt's Wharf.
Kaiyosha's Pootung Wharf.
Nippon Yusen Kaisha's Wharves.
Osaka Shosen Kaisha's Wharves.
Robert Dollar Co.'s Wharf.
Shanghai & Hongkew Wharf Co.'s Wharves.

24814

Municipal Notification

No. 1629.

In view of the prevalence of CHOLERAIC DIARRHOEA the public is requested to observe carefully the provisions of the PUBLIC HEALTH NOTICE, a copy of which, in English and Chinese, may be obtained from the Health Office.

Particular attention is directed to the rules regarding food, the shortest summary of which is:—*"Eat and drink nothing that has not been recently cooked or otherwise sterilised."*

By order,
N. O. LIDDELL,
Secretary

Council Room,
Shanghai, July 30, 1919.

24755

JAPANESE VETERINARY HOSPITAL

DR. S. NAKANISHI
and
DR. G. KAWABE
Y-A 4 Barchet Road: Tel. N. 611
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23518

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Municipal Notification

No. 2640

GENERAL MUNICIPAL RATE

(Translation from the Chinese)

AT the Annual Meeting of Ratepayers held on April 9, a Resolution was passed authorizing an increase in the General Municipal Rate as from July 1, from 12 per cent. to 14 per cent. per annum.

This Resolution was passed upon the Council's recommendation, which was only made with the greatest reluctance, and because it was found that the expenditure required to provide for the proper administration of the Settlement in 1919 would greatly exceed the Settlement's revenue, if the General Municipal Rate were calculated upon the old basis of 12 per cent. per annum. Obviously the Council could not present a Budget to the Ratepayers which showed a deficit, so it became necessary to consider by what means the Settlement's revenue could be increased. It was found possible to increase the estimated receipts from wharfage dues and to reduce expenditure to some extent, but there still remained a substantial deficit. How was this deficit to be converted into a surplus was the problem that presented itself. Wharfage dues had already been increased as far as was possible, licence fees admitted of no increase and expenditure under all heads had been reduced already as much as possible. Under these circumstances and as the sources of Municipal revenue for which provision is made under the Land Regulations are so very limited, the Council had to look to Land Tax and General Municipal Rate to raise the extra revenue required.

Upon very careful consideration it appeared to the Council that the additional burden should fairly be borne by owners of land and occupiers of houses proportionately, and that accordingly the levy should be increased in the case of Land Tax to 7/10 of 1 per cent. and in the case of General Municipal Rate to 14 per cent., with effect from July 1. With these increases, it was possible for the Council to submit to the Ratepayers at their meeting in April a Budget that showed a surplus of Tls. 98,000 which, it may be remarked, is far below that margin of safety which has in the past been considered necessary to the preservation of the credit of the Settlement at a high level. The Council's explanations as to the need for increasing the General Municipal Rate to 14 per cent. from the half year beginning July 1 were fully appreciated and unanimously approved by the Ratepayers and accordingly General Municipal Rate at 14 per cent. has now become due and payable.

Although the proceedings at the meeting of Ratepayers were published in full in the Chinese Press, Sin Wan Pao, Shun Pao, Hsin Shun Pao, etc., of April 10/11 it seems that the majority of Chinese ratepayers did not at the time pay any particular attention thereto, so that the reasons for the increase were not, it is regretted, understood or appreciated by them and from investigations made by the Council it appears that a good deal of misunderstanding exists and that it is therefore desirable that a detailed explanation should be published. That this is so has, moreover, been emphasized by the many petitions that have been forwarded to the Council by Street Associations, Shopkeepers' Associations and others, protesting against the increase above referred to and against the special levy of General Municipal Rate at 1 per cent. which the Council was also directed by the Ratepayers to collect for the purposes explained hereunder.

The Council accordingly requests the close attention of Chinese Ratepayers to the following explanations:—

1.—Rates are raised to provide for the cost of the proper administration of the Settlement.

2.—Rates are payable on exactly the same basis by foreigners and Chinese, viz. 12 per cent. until June 30, and thereafter at 14 per cent.

3.—The special levy of 1 per cent. which it should be emphasized is a levy for this year only and is payable by a single payment is likewise payable by foreigners and Chinese.

4.—It is a remarkable fact that the General Municipal Rate has stood unchanged at 12 per cent. since 1908 until July of this year, whilst taxation in all other countries of the world has increased enormously. The petitioners very rightly state that the cost of living has gone up very considerably of recent years, but they seem to have overlooked the fact that all the expenses of the Council, costs of labour, materials etc., have, likewise, gone up very considerably, and the fact that the rate has not been changed is due to two chief considerations:—

(1) The increased rental value of property in the Settlement, and

(2) The fact that during the War, until December 31, 1918 the Council saved no less than Tls. 880,000 because it did not pay the salaries of those Municipal employes who went on war service. The Municipal administration did not, however, suffer, because those employes who remained behind did the work of those who had gone on war service.

5.—Against this saving of Tls. 880,000, the Ratepayers at the last Annual Meeting on April 9 (the proceedings of which were fully reported in the Chinese papers) directed that the Council should pay to those who have been on War Service one-half their pay, i.e., Tls. 440,000, but they specifically directed that no employe should receive more than Tls. 8,000 and that anything already paid to him by the Council should be taken into consideration, so that from Tls. 440,000, which is one-half the amount saved, the actual amount to be paid to such employes under the Resolution was reduced to an amount of approximately Tls. 320,000, of which the Ratepayers are now called upon to provide only Tls. 222,300 by means of the special levy on land and houses, the balance being covered by the estimated surplus on the Council's Ordinary Budget for this year.

It should be clearly understood that the payment of this Tls. 320,000 is not for War Services, which have already been paid for by the Allied Govenments, but on account of the pay which would ordinarily have been drawn by such employes for their service to the Municipal Council.

It may be noted also that of the Tls. 222,300, the Chinese who pay the General Municipal Rate are only called upon to pay say Tls. 85,000.

It may also be noted that since January 1 of this year, there has been a further saving because a large number of Municipal employes have not yet returned from war service.

6.—If Municipal employes had not gone on war service the increase in the General Municipal Rate from 12 to 14 per cent. must inevitably have taken place at least two years, probably 2½ years, ago, and the Ratepayers foreign and Chinese, would have had to pay at least say Tls. 650,000 more than they are in fact now being called upon to pay by the special levy—this because under normal conditions and except for the Council's desire to keep taxation as low as possible—no part of the surplus on the Ordinary Budget would be devoted to this purpose. Of the Tls. 880,000 the Chinese Ratepayers of the General Municipal Rate would have had to pay a total of say Tls. 340,000 as compared with Tls. 85,000 which they are now called upon to pay, so that they are actually saving rates to the extent of Tls. 253,000.

7.—The special levy of 1 per cent. is payable once only and when the full one per cent. has been paid the levy ceases for ever.

The Council hopes, that the above explanations will remove any misunderstanding that may exist and that the Chinese Ratepayers will realise that the increased rate of 14 per cent. and the special levy of 1 per cent. must be paid. In regard to the latter, the Chairman and Acting Chairman and the Secretary of the Council have had several conversations with the foreign lawyer, Mr. Master, and with Messrs. Chang Nyeh-yung (張弈鏞), Chu Lai-fong (祝賚昉), Shen Tun-ho (沈敦和) and Sung Han-chang (宋漢章), who have interested themselves in the matter on behalf of certain of the petitioners above referred to. These gentlemen pointed out that the collection of the special levy of 1 per cent. in a single payment was indeed likely to cause some hardship to the poorer Chinese Ratepayers and they suggested that the Council should remove this hardship by spreading the payment over a period, so that it should be collected in instalments. Ever ready and willing so far as it can, to alleviate or remove hardship, the Council readily concurred with this suggestion, and accordingly Chinese Ratepayers are notified that the 1 per cent. special levy will be collected in 3 equal quarterly payments, commencing with the October collection of rates. One-third of the 1 per cent. will be collected in October, one-third in January, 1920, and the last one-third in April, 1920, thus payment of this special levy will be made easy for all. The occupier of a house at a rental of $10 per month will pay $0.40 each quarter for three quarters only or at the rate of less than $0.14 per month.

Having granted this indulgence and having offered such explanations as must surely appeal to every reasonable minded person, the Council does not expect to hear any further talk on the part of Chinese Ratepayers in regard to refusing to pay Municipal Rates, for the Rates must be paid and the Council must deal with any refusal according to law,

By order,
N. O. LIDDELL,
Secretary.

Council Room,
Shanghai, August 2, 1919.

24774

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The Second-Hand BOOK STORE
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Massage Treatment

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Physician and Surgeon
(Formerly Assistant at the Surgical University Clinic of Berlin)
Specialist in veneral diseases.
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Consultation Hours: 2-4 p.m.
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ONE WIDTH.
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The Shanghai Chemical Laboratory
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3rd Floor

SHANGHAI-HANGCHOW-NINGPO RAILWAY ABRIDGED TIME TABLE

SHANGHAI LOCAL TIME IS ONE HOUR AHEAD OF RAILWAY TIME

SHANGHAI NORTH TO ZAHKOU—"DOWN" (MAIN LINE) ZAHKOU TO SHANGHAI NORTH—"UP"

STATIONS	Local	Fast R	Slow	Coolie & Goods	Local	Express R	Local	Local	Night Express R
Shanghai North ..... dep.	....	7.35	9.00	10.00	....	14.50	15.50	...	19.15
Jessfield ..... dep.	....	7.51	9.16	10.23	....	15.06	16.06	....	19.30
Soochow ..... dep.	....	7.58	9.23	10.38	....	15.13	16.13	....	19.36
Lunghua Junction ..... dep.	....	8.15	9.40	10.53	....	15.30	16.29	....	19.5
Shanghai South ..... dep.	....	*7.45*	*9.10*	*10.20*	*13.35*	*15.00*	*16.00*	*17.55*	*19.20*
Lunghua Junction ... dep.	....	*8.15*	*9.40*	*10.53*	*13.52*	*15.30*	*16.29*	*18.12*	*19.50*
Sunglang ..... dep.	....	8.59	10.48	12.02	....	16.07	17.42	....	21.2
Kashi ..... dep.	....	9.51	11.52	13.2[illegible]	....	16.53	18.49	....	21.2
Kashing ..... dep.	7.40	10.26	12.30	14.35	....	17.22	19.20	....	21.5
Yehzah ..... dep.	8.45	11.05	13.15	15.[illegible]	....	17.53	....	....	22.2
Changan ..... dep.	9.45	11.41	14.0[illegible]	15.50	....	18.24	....	....	22.5
Hangchow ..... dep.	11.10	12.50	15.25	16.40	....	19.19	....	....	23.4
Zahkou ..... arr.	11.35	13.10	15.5[illegible]	16.[illegible]	....	19.25	....	....	24.0

STATIONS	Local	Local	Fast R	Slow	Local	Coolie and Goods	Express R	Local	Night Express R
Zahkou ..... dep.	....	....	6.30	7.55	....	9.20	14.10	15.30	17.50
Hangchow ..... dep.	....	....	7.00	8.30	....	10.00	14.35	16.05	18.15
Changan ..... dep.	....	....	8.04	9.48	....	11.40	15.20	17.36	19.03
Yehzah ..... dep.	....	....	8.41	10.31	....	12.39	15.51	18.40	19.35
Kashing ..... dep.	....	7.15	9.28	11.22	....	14.10	16.30	19.30	20.15
Kashai ..... dep.	....	7.48	9.53	11.55	....	14.48	16.52	....	20.33
Sunglang ..... dep.	....	9.05	10.47	12.59	....	16.08	17.40	....	21.36
Lunghua Junction.....dep.	*8.18*	*10.38*	*11.38*	*14.08*	*15.33*	*17.23*	*18.23*	....	*22.33*
Shanghai South.....arr.	*8.35*	*10.55*	*11.55*	*14.25*	*15.50*	*17.40*	*18.40*	....	*22.40*
Lunghua Junction ..... dep.	....	10.30	11.35	14.05	....	17.18	18.20	....	22.17
Soochow ..... dep.	....	10.39	11.44	14.14	....	17.28	18.29	....	22.25
Jessfield ..... dep.	....	10.46	11.51	14.21	....	17.37	18.36	....	22.31
Shanghai North ..... arr.	....	11.00	12.05	14.35	....	17.55	18.5[illegible]	....	22.45

KONZENCHIAO TO ZAHKOU (KIANGSHOO BRANCH LINE) ZAHKOU TO KONZENCHIAO

Konzenchiao....	dep.	6.50	8.25	11.25	14.00	15.35	17.30	23.00	Zahkou	dep.	....	10.10	12.25	....	....	18.40	....
Kenshangmun ..	dep.	7.10	8.50	11.40	14.15	16.15	17.45	23.15	Hangchow....	dep.	7.30	10.40	12.45	14.55	16.40	19.15	23.40
Hangchow.....	dep.	7.20	9.15	11.52	14.24	16.25	18.07	23.25	Kenshangmun	dep.	7.42	10.57	12.57	15.12	16.52	19.27	23.52
Zahkou	arr.	....	9.40	12.10	...	...	18.25	...	Konzenchiao..	arr.	7.55	11.10	13.10	15.25	17.05	19.40	0.05

B. Restaurant Car.

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LIMITED

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48 KIANGSE ROAD SHANGHAI

AUCTION INDEX

TODAY, THURSDAY, August 7th.—At Salesrooms. Continuation of Auction of Furniture, etc., at 10 a.m. "Thor" Motor Cycle with Sidecar at noon.

FRIDAY NEXT, August 18th.—At 10 a.m., and 2.30 p.m. STOCK in TRADE OF SING FAT & Co., Jewellers and Silver Smiths. At Salesrooms.

MONDAY, August 18th.— At 17 Route des Soeurs, Superior Household Furniture and Requisites belonging to J. H. de Reus, Esq., Consul-General for The Netherlands, at 10 a.m. and 2.30 p.m.

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Elegantly furnished motor launch, electric lights, galley, completely equipped, newly painted in first class condition. Length, 45ft. Beam, 10ft. 60 H. P. Speed, 9 knots.

Apply to Box 200, Care This Paper.

24820

DIG UP NEBRASKA FOR THE SHY DINOHYUS

2,000,000 Years, And Maybe 20,000,000, The Giant Pig Has Hidden There

MUSEUM SEEKS A SKELETON

Moropus And Little Rhinoceros Are Also Sought In West By Dr. Matthew's Workers

New York, July 4.—A quest for the fossil remains of strange and rare animals, that are at least 2,000,000 years old, and may be 20,000,000 years old, is now being made in a sandstone quarry near Agate, Sioux County, Nebraska, by Albert Thomson and George Olsen, members of the laboratory staff of the American Museum of Natural History, who have had considerable field experience in unearthing such relics. They began their Western operations, which will last throughout the Summer, a few days ago.

The work is under the supervision of Dr. W. D. Matthew, Curator of Fossil Vertebrates at the Museum. Dr. Matthew, who has explored the quarry in the past, will not visit the scene, but his assistants hope to return with a large and valuable collection of fossils, including complete skeletons of the Dinohyus, or Giant Pig, and the so-called Little Rhinoceros.

The quarry is probably the most extraordinary of its kind in the world, and has been called a veritable gold mine of ancient fossil remains. It was discovered in 1877 by James H. Cook, an old Indian scout and plainsman, who then was proprietor of a large cattle ranch at Agate, at present owned by his son, Harold Cook. The quarry occupies two small hills on the Cook ranch, not far from the Niobrara River. Running through these hills is a rich layer of fossil deposit two feet thick, containing hundreds if not thousands of ancient bones.

In the early 90's, the State Geologist of Nebraska made a survey of the quarry, and the first large fossil collection was taken from it by the Carnegie Museum of Pittsburgh. In 1911, New York's Museum began to work the quarry and obtained a considerable fossil collection. The quarry, however, is so rich in deposits that these operations barely scratched its sides, and the greater part of its buried treasures remains untouched.

The Museum workers have now opened up another cut, which they hope will yield the ancient mammal specimens they covet. To date, the fossil remains of only three ancient animals have been discovered in the quarry. These are the Little Rhinoceros, the Giant Pig and the Moropus or Clawed Ungulate. These animals were contemporaries and belonged to the Lower Miocene period.

The Little Rhinoceros was about the size of a half-grown calf, and had two horns side by side at the front of the skull, instead of a single one, or of a pair one behind the other. His remains are most abundant in the quarry, and hundreds of the skulls have been taken out by the Carnegie, the American Museum and other institutions. The Museum is going to try to get the materials for one or more complete skeletons from the quarry. It has at present most of the parts, but does not possess the complete skeleton. This animal was known to have roamed over Europe and Asia in its day.

The Giant Pig was about the size of the modern rhinoceros. Little is known of his habits; he possessed sharp, strong, and powerful teeth, and was well equipped to attack and bite his enemies. Some believe he was partly carnivorous, others that he was a vegetarian. It is probable that he lived on vegetable food, roots, nuts, and tubers. He roamed all over the Northern world. The scientists hope to get a complete skeleton of the ancient beast from the deposit.

The Moropus belongs to the ungulates or hoofed animals, but has large claws or feet instead of hoofs. He is peculiar in many other respects especially in his small head and long neck suggesting a horse, and his deep body and rounded back, suggesting a tapir; his long, stilted legs are suggestive of the giraffe, while his feet are most like a rhinoceros, save for the great claws instead of hoofs. Like the ruminants, he had no upper front teeth, the lower incisors working against a horny pad; the back teeth are somewhat like the extinct Titanotheres, and very different from any living animal.

He seems to have been a browsing animal, his great size and powerful claws being sufficient protection against enemies. His claws, however, appear to be adapted more for digging or scraping than for defense, yet it is not clear what was their exact purpose. They might serve to dig holes for water or to obtain some food that grew underground, or to dig around roots of suplings, in order that he might pull them down and feed upon their tops. In size, he resembles both a horse and a rhinoceros.

This animal is extremely rare except in this quarry. Although his remains have been found in Europe, they have generally been in fragments. One part of his skeleton has been found in France, in China, and in India, but nowhere in the Old World have his remains been found in such abundance as in the Nebraska quarry. In the last three or four years, several of his skeletons have been taken from the quarry, and it is probable that many are buried there. One is on exhibition at the American Museum, another has been acquired by Yale University, and still another by the University of Nebraska.

Scientists have been puzzled to account for the fossil remains of these three kinds of animals only in the quarry and for the great abundance of their bones there. Various theories have been advanced to show just what brought about this enormous assemblage of the three species and nothing else. In all probability, when these strange beasts roamed the continent, the quarry was a part of the channel of a stream. One theory is that the animals, venturing too far into the stream to drink, were caught in an eddy and carried to their death, and that in this manner their remains had accumulated. There is another theory, that coming to the stream or pool to drink they were trapped in a bed of quicksand. This might explain why smaller animals were not buried with them, since the smaller animals could drink in safety from the edge of the stream, whereas the larger animals, in order properly to quench their thirst, were obliged to walk out into the stream itself.

Digging for these ancient fossils, the workers report, is no light and easy task. Great care must be exercised lest precious bones shall be broken or destroyed. It is a painstaking and laborious task, requiring practice, skill, and dexterity. The work is done with a special small pick, a spade, shoemaker's awls, and small brushes.

Of the habits of the ancient beasts Dr. Matthew said little was known. That they filled some useful part in the far distant animal age in which they lived and that they inhabited the New World as well as the Old is shown by their many bones buried in the ancient sandstone. It remains to be seen whether the quest now in progress will shed any further light on their origin.

A New Shipment of
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Per R.M. s.s. E. of Asia ..Aug. 9

For Europe
Per M.M. s.s. Andre Lebon Aug. 22

For United Kingdom
*Per B. and S. s.s. Deucalion Aug. 9

For Japan
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Yshiro M. Aug. 9
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Kumano M. Aug. 9

MAILS DUE

From U.S. and Canada
Per C.M. s.s Nanking ....Aug. 10
Per R.M. s.s. E. of Japan..Aug. 12
*Parcels only will go by the steamer Deucalion.

Amusements

Victoria Theatre

TO-NIGHT
CHANGE OF PROGRAMME
Presenting
LAURA HOPE
IN
"BLACK-BIRDS"
A
PARAMOUNT PICTURE

Olympic Theatre

New Programme
for
Tonight Tonight
Presenting
HAZEL DAWN
in
"My Lady Incog"
A Paramount Picture
In Five Parts

ISIS THEATRE

PROGRAMME
for
Tonight Tonight
"The Master Serial"
9th and 10th Episodes
also
CHAPLIN AND TRIANGLE COMEDIES

Two Shows Every Evening, starting from 7.30. New Time.

Admission for Summer Months
Stall or Dress Circle ...30 cents
Box Seat .....40 cents

AMUSEMENTS

APOLLO THEATRE

Tonight, August 7th, 8th, 9th and 10th

WM. FOX presents
GEORGE WALSH
in
"THE BEAST"

A magnificent drama of life out on the ranch. Taken in the rugged scenery of the West, it is one of those great pictures one usually associates with Wm. Farnum.

PATHE'S AMERICAN GAZETTE.

TOTO in "AN ENEMY OF SOAP"
A dandy film! A real good comedy

Matinee, Saturday 4. p.m.
"Blood Will Tell"

Matinee, Sunday, 3 30 p.m.
"The Lightning Raider"
Episode 13 "The white roses"
Episode 14 "Cleared in guilt"

St. George's Garden

BUBBLING WELL ROAD
Thursday, August7th, 8th, 9th and 10th
CHARLES CHAPLIN
in
The first of his million-dollars pictures
"A DOG'S LIFE"
There are more laughs in this film than the pup in the picture has fleas
Pathe's Gazettes and Other New Films

ROYAL ITALIAN CIRCUS

TWO PERFORMANCES TODAY
AT
Chang Su Ho's Garden
MATINEE 5.15 — EVENING 9.15

MATINEES:
Wednesday, Thursday, Friday, Saturday and Sunday

BOOKING at MOUTRIE'S. Plans rapidly filling—Be Early

Dine
at the
TROCADERO
"The Troc"
14 ASTOR ROAD
(opposite Astor House Hotel)
Where every morsel of food is prepared under the watchful eyes of an experienced
Foreign Caterer
Yours for service,
"Jack" Rayner

TOMORROW

Grand Opening Night

OF

Long Tack Sam

and his Company

AT THE

OLYMPIC THEATRE

Booking now open at Moutrie and Co.

FOR THREE NIGHTS ONLY